Independent Auditor's Reports and Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College June 30, 2019 and 2018

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Regents for the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College (the "College") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural & Mechanical Development Foundation, the discretely presented component unit, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural & Mechanical College as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Board of Regents for the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College Page 2

Prior Year Audited by Others Auditors

The 2018 financial statements were audited by other auditors, and their report thereon, dated October 31, 2018, expressed an unmodified opinion.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension and other postemployment benefit information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements as a whole. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2019, on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Springfield, Missouri October 30, 2019

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Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

Introduction

The following discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College (the "College") provides management's overview of the College's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Fiscal years 2018 and 2017 are presented for comparative purposes. This analysis is intended to provide a summary of significant financial activities and information and should be read in conjunction with the College's audited financial statements and footnotes.

Financial Highlights

- The College's net position increased to \$13,871,044 in 2019 from \$13,576,270 in 2018. The College's net position was \$14,987,389 in 2017.
- The College's total revenues decreased to \$25,701,037 in 2019 from \$25,885,424 in 2018. The College's total revenues were \$25,882,400 in 2017.
- The College's total expenses decreased to \$25,406,263 in 2019 from \$25,963,075 in 2018. The College's total expenses were \$25,563,360 in 2017.

Basic Financial Statements

The College's financial statements are presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for Public Colleges and Universities*, and, accordingly, include management's discussion and analysis (as required supplementary information); the statements of net position, statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and statements of cash flows; and explanatory notes to the financial statements.

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the College at the end of the fiscal year. This statement includes all assets, deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the College utilizing the accrual method of accounting. The Statement of Net Position enables users to assess the financial health of the College. Over time, increases or decreases in the College's net position are one indicator of whether the College's financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, nonfinancial factors such as changes in the College's programs and degrees offered, accreditation status and condition of physical facilities must also be considered to accurately assess the health of the College.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

The College's Condensed Statements of Net Position for fiscal years 2019, 2018 and 2017, follow:

			Increase	Percent
	2019	2018	(Decrease)	Change
Assets				
Current assets	\$ 5,453,988	\$ 7,326,998	\$ (1,873,010)	-25.6%
Noncurrent assets	47,074,943	45,609,603	1,465,340	3.2%
Total assets	52,528,931	52,936,601	(407,670)	-0.8%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,911,306	2,528,813	382,493	15.1%
Total assets and deferred				
outflows of resources	\$ 55,440,237	\$ 55,465,414	\$ (25,177)	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	\$ 3,503,201	\$ 3,250,498	\$ 252,703	7.8%
Noncurrent liabilities	33,117,985	33,389,463	(271,478)	-0.8%
Total liabilities	36,621,186	36,639,961	(18,775)	-0.1%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,948,007	5,249,183	(301,176)	-5.7%
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	22,685,509	19,663,332	3,022,177	15.4%
Restricted	3,255,597	4,665,923	(1,410,326)	-30.2%
Unrestricted	(12,070,062)	(10,752,985)	(1,317,077)	12.2%
Total net position	13,871,044	13,576,270	294,774	2.2%
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources				
and net position	\$ 55,440,237	\$ 55,465,414	\$ (25,177)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2018	2017	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
Assets			,	
Current assets	\$ 7,326,998	\$ 8,163,562	\$ (836,564)	-10.2%
Noncurrent assets	45,609,603	44,397,089	1,212,514	2.7%
Total assets	52,936,601	52,560,651	375,950	0.7%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,528,813	5,049,681	(2,520,868)	-49.9%
Total assets and deferred				
outflows of resources	\$ 55,465,414	\$ 57,610,332	\$ (2,144,918)	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	\$ 3,250,498	\$ 3,663,498	\$ (413,000)	-11.3%
Noncurrent liabilities	33,389,463	37,075,902	(3,686,439)	-9.9%
Total liabilities	36,639,961	40,739,400	(4,099,439)	-10.1%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,249,183	1,883,543	3,365,640	178.7%
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	19,663,332	20,178,099	(514,767)	-2.6%
Restricted	4,665,923	4,526,225	139,698	3.1%
Unrestricted	(10,752,985)	(9,716,935)	(1,036,050)	10.7%
Total net position	13,576,270	14,987,389	(1,411,119)	-9.4%
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources			. (2.44.240)	
and net position	\$ 55,465,414	\$ 57,610,332	\$ (2,144,918)	

The College's net position improved by \$294,774 in 2019 after decreasing \$1,411,119 in 2018. The improvement in 2019 was primarily due to investment in capital assets on campus. The implementation of GASB statement numbers 68, 73 and 75 continue to have a significant impact on the College's financial statements. These GASB statements require governmental agencies to recognize potential liabilities related to pension plans and other post-employment benefits. The amounts of those potential liabilities are based on actuarial assumptions and, in the case of pensions, market valuations of the pension's assets.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes of Net Position

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents the revenues earned and the expenses incurred during the year. Revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues are those earned by providing goods and services to carry out the

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

mission of the College. Operating expenses are those expenses incurred in order to provide goods and services. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires state appropriations, federal funds, gifts and investment income as well as interest expense to be classified as nonoperating. A public college's reliance on state appropriations and gifts quite often results in operating losses.

Readers of the College's Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position will be able to identify the sources of funds and the use of those funds as the College carries out its mission.

The College's Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for fiscal years 2019, 2018 and 2017 follow:

	Year Ended June 30						
						Increase	Percent
		2019		2018	(Decrease)	Change
Operating Revenues							
Tuition and fees, net	\$	3,628,793	\$	3,055,027	\$	573,766	18.8%
Grants and contracts		1,065,177		2,099,332		(1,034,155)	-49.3%
Auxiliary, net		5,680,195		5,746,282		(66,087)	-1.2%
Other		369,338		181,469		187,869	103.5%
Total operating revenue		10,743,503		11,082,110		(338,607)	-3.1%
Less operating expenses		24,603,597		25,215,883		(612,286)	-2.4%
Net operating loss	((13,860,094)		(14,133,773)		273,679	1.9%
Nonoperating Revenues							
State appropriations		7,566,051		7,430,901		135,150	1.8%
State grants and contracts		733,264		618,580		114,684	18.5%
Federal grants and contracts		5,089,628		5,275,683		(186,055)	-3.5%
Private gifts and contributions		345,847		311,332		34,515	11.1%
Investment income		96,419		31,316		65,103	207.9%
Interest expenses		(802,666)		(747,192)		(55,474)	7.4%
Total net nonoperating revenue		13,028,543	_	12,920,620		107,923	0.8%
State appropriation for capital		330,792		332,793		(2,001)	-0.6%
On-behalf payments for OCIA capital leases		795,533		802,709		(7,176)	-0.9%
Change in net position		294,774		(77,651)		372,425	479.6%
Net position, beginning of year		13,576,270		13,653,921		(77,651)	-0.6%
Net position, end of year	\$	13,871,044	\$	13,576,270	\$	294,774	2.2%

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Year E	nded June 30		
			Increase	Percent
	2018	2017	(Decrease)	Change
Operating Revenues			,	
Tuition and fees, net	\$ 3,055,02	27 \$ 2,654,453	\$ 400,574	15.1%
Grants and contracts	2,099,33	1,724,198	375,134	21.8%
Auxiliary, net	5,746,28	5,572,670	173,612	3.1%
Other	181,46	341,043	(159,574)	-46.8%
Total operating revenue	11,082,11	0 10,292,364	789,746	7.7%
Less operating expenses	25,215,88	33 24,835,524	380,359	1.5%
Net operating loss	(14,133,77	3) (14,543,160)	409,387	2.8%
Nonoperating Revenues				
State appropriations	7,430,90	8,050,617	(619,716)	-7.7%
State grants and contracts	618,58	749,750	(131,170)	-17.5%
Federal grants and contracts	5,275,68	· · ·	152,422	3.0%
Private gifts and contributions	311,33	·	215,368	224.4%
FEMA flood reimbursement		- 375,273	(375,273)	-100.0%
Investment income	31,31		(14,619)	-31.8%
Gain (loss) on investments		- (7,087)	7,087	-100.0%
Interest expenses	(747,19	2) (727,836)	(19,356)	2.7%
Total net nonoperating revenue	12,920,62	13,705,877	(785,257)	-5.7%
State appropriation for capital	332,79	358,706	(25,913)	-7.2%
On-behalf payments for OCIA capital leases	802,70	9 797,617	5,092	0.6%
Change in net position	(77,65	1) 319,040	(396,691)	-124.3%
Net position, beginning of year	13,653,92	14,668,349	(1,014,428)	-6.9%
Net position, end of year	\$ 13,576,27	14,987,389	\$ (1,411,119)	-9.4%

The College's operating revenues increased by 7.7 percent in 2018 and decreased by 3.1 percent in 2019. The College raised tuition and mandatory fees 9 percent in 2017, 7 percent in 2018 and 7 percent in 2019. The College also increased some nonmandatory fees in 2019 to help offset the cost of deferred maintenance projects. These increases generated an increase in tuition and fee revenue of \$573,766. However, that increase is offset by a reduction in grant revenue of \$1,034,155. The College had two Title III grants and a rural development grant project conclude in 2018.

The College closely monitors expenses and was able to reduce operating expenses 2.4 percent in 2019 after a slight 1.5 percent increase in 2018. The reductions came from a significant reduction in compensation and employee benefit payments. Reductions in state appropriations and enrollment have forced the College to scrutinize all spending. The College's first priority is protecting the student experience and encouraging student success. Attracting and retaining the best administration, faculty and staff is critical to accomplishing this priority.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows is used to report the cash the College generates from operating activities, financing activities and investing activities. Readers of the statement make judgments about the College's ability to pay its bills particularly in the short term.

The College's Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for fiscal years 2019, 2018 and 2017 follow:

	Year Ende	d June 30		
			Increase	Percent
	2019	2018	(Decrease)	Change
Cash Provided by (Used in)				
Operating activities	\$ (12,682,387)	\$ (12,030,063)	\$ (652,324)	5.4%
Noncapital financing activities	13,127,708	13,084,916	42,792	0.3%
Capital and related financing activities	(3,578,713)	(1,793,655)	(1,785,058)	99.5%
Investing activities	133,968	71,429	62,539	87.6%
Net decrease in cash	(2,999,424)	(667,373)	(2,332,051)	349.4%
Cash and cash equivalents,				
beginning of year	9,552,681	10,220,054	(667,373)	-6.5%
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 6,553,257	\$ 9,552,681	\$ (2,999,424)	-31.4%
	Year Ende	d June 30		
			Increase	Percent
	2018	2017	(Decrease)	Change
Cash Provided by (Used in)				
Operating activities	\$ (12,030,063)	\$ (10,545,034)	\$ (1,485,029)	14.1%
Noncapital financing activities	13,084,916	13,765,475	(680,559)	-4.9%
Capital and related financing activities	(1,793,655)	286,934	(2,080,589)	-725.1%
Investing activities	71,429	(55,486)	126,915	-228.7%
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(667,373)	3,451,889	(4,119,262)	-119.3%
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	10,220,054	6,768,165	3,451,889	51.0%
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 9,552,681	\$ 10,220,054	\$ (667,373)	-6.5%

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

The College has maintained strong cash reserves despite decreases in state appropriations and in enrollment. Given the uncertainty of state funding, the administration believes that a significant balance of unrestricted cash is necessary.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The College has effectively utilized a varied source of funds to maintain and improve the campus buildings and infrastructure. The administration aggressively pursues grant opportunities that include capital expenditure funds. The College also participates in the state's ODFA Master Lease Program. This program allows the College to borrow money at competitive rates with lower origination costs.

		Year Ended June 30					
		2019		2018		Increase Decrease)	Percent Change
Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Nonstructural improvements Equipment and infrastructure Library materials	\$	500,716 3,096,694 57,226,616 1,332,142 10,542,522 2,713,713	\$	500,716 156,651 56,919,971 438,989 10,269,863 2,658,591	\$	2,940,043 306,645 893,153 272,659 55,122	0.0% 1876.8% 0.5% 203.5% 2.7% 2.1%
Total		75,412,403		70,944,781		4,467,622	6.3%
Less accumulated depreciation		(31,218,942)		(29,294,068)		(1,924,874)	6.6%
Capital assets, net	\$	44,193,461	\$	41,650,713	\$	2,542,748	6.1%
		Year Ende	d Ju	une 30			5
		2018 2		2017		Increase Decrease)	Percent Change
Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Nonstructural improvements Equipment and infrastructure Library materials	\$	500,716 156,651 56,919,971 438,989 10,269,863 2,658,591	\$	500,716 3,430,176 52,926,886 432,364 8,894,406 2,599,950	\$	(3,273,525) 3,993,085 6,625 1,375,457 58,641	0.0% -95.4% 7.5% 1.5% 15.5% 2.3%
Total		70,944,781		68,784,498		2,160,283	3.1%
Less accumulated depreciation	((29,294,068)		(28,186,292)		(1,107,776)	3.9%
Capital assets, net	\$	41,650,713	\$	40,598,206	\$	1,052,507	2.6%

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

Long-Term Debt

The College's long-term debt falls into three categories: OCIA debt, ODFA debt and other.

The OCIA debt is managed by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education (OSRHE). All activities including refunding, repayment, extensions, etc. are under the direct control of the OSRHE.

ODFA Master Lease debt is issued through the OSRHE while managed by the College. The College added one Master Lease debt instrument in each of the last two years. In 2018, the College borrowed \$3,000,000 and in 2019 the College borrowed another \$1,250,000. Both additions were to fund deferred maintenance projects. The debt service is from reserves and a student fee assessed on all classes that meet face-to-face on campus.

Year Ended June 30

	I our Ellac	<i>,</i>	4110 00			
					Increase	Percent
	 2019		2018	(I	Decrease)	Change
OCIA leases ODFA leases Premiums on leases Discount on leases NEO Development Foundation -	\$ 2,986,741 16,700,837 706,034 (21,840)	\$	3,611,007 16,576,587 586,692 (22,753)	\$	(624,266) 124,250 119,342 913	-17.3% 0.7% 20.3% -4.0%
Multipurpose Athletic Center	1,015,363		1,100,850		(85,487)	-7.8%
Total	\$ 21,387,135	\$	21,852,383	\$	(465,248)	-2.1%
	 Year Ende	ed Ju	une 30		laavaaa	Percent
	 2018		2017		Increase Decrease)	Change
OCIA leases ODFA leases Premiums on leases Discount on leases NEO Development Foundation - Multipurpose Athletic Center	\$ 3,611,007 16,576,587 586,692 (22,753) 1,100,850	\$	4,214,721 14,735,919 432,079 (23,666) 1,181,874	\$	(603,714) 1,840,668 154,613 913 (81,024)	-14.3% 12.5% 35.8% -3.9%
Total	\$ 21,852,383	\$	20,540,927	\$	1,311,456	6.4%

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

Economic Factors and the College's Future

The College has identified and is focused on two significant factors that will affect its future:

ENROLLMENT

The College faces several enrollment challenges. The number of graduating high school seniors in the College's three county "service area," Ottawa, Craig and Delaware counties, is steadily declining. The border states Arkansas, Kansas and Missouri have all increased their efforts to keep students in state by offering tuition-free education in their community colleges. In response, the College seeks to market itself as a unique two-year college with a four-year college experience.

The regional economy has improved in recent years. While this improvement is good for state appropriations, strengthening economies hurt enrollment at two-year colleges as people go to work rather than to school.

The College has retained consultants to address the enrollment issues and expects to see growing enrollment soon.

The College is also initiating programs to improve retention of current students. Open enrollment, two-year colleges contend with significant retention issues. Student's stop-out for any number of reasons. The College is focused on identifying students at risk for stopping out and providing the needed assistance.

DEFERRED MAINTENANCE

Most of the College's buildings were constructed during the 1960's. Although they have been well maintained, they have significant deferred maintenance needs. The College has identified approximately \$12 million of critical projects. The College hopes to address these projects over the next three to five years.

OUTSIDE RESOURCES

The College continues to pursue significant grant funds and currently receives funds from four U.S. Department of Education grants. In fiscal year 2019 the College received:

- \$375,000 Upward Bound
- \$267,000 Student Support Services
- \$445,000 Title III
- \$105,000 Adult Education and Literacy

These grant funds enable the College to support targeted groups of students and enhance their ultimate success in higher education.

Statements of Net Position June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Primary G Co	Component Unit - Foundation				
	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash	\$ 3,584,262	\$ 5,442,478	\$ 573,705	\$ 487,244		
equivalents Accounts receivable, net Other receivables	449,108 889,652 30,034	458,565 799,289 30,413	2,000 18,645	66,737 2,000 8,349		
Investments Inventories	99,824 401,108	156,221 440,032	-	-		
Capital assets held for sale			375,000			
Total current assets	5,453,988	7,326,998	969,350	564,330		
Noncurrent Assets Restricted cash and cash equivalents Investments	2,519,887 238,293	3,651,638 219,066	5,313,983	4,914,262		
Other postemployment benefits Other receivables	123,302	88,186	1,065,492	1,156,666		
Other assets Capital assets, net	44,193,461	41,650,713	115,008	714,710		
Total noncurrent assets	47,074,943	45,609,603	6,494,483	6,785,638		
Total assets	52,528,931	52,936,601	7,463,833	7,349,968		
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows related						
to pensions Deferred outflows related to	1,879,567	2,516,557	-	-		
postemployment benefits	1,031,739	12,256	·			
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,911,306	2,528,813				
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 55,440,237	\$ 55,465,414	\$ 7,463,833	\$ 7,349,968		

Current Liabilities	2018 - - - 320,438 -
Resources and Net Position Current Liabilities Accounts payable \$1,300,780 \$311,817 \$ - \$ Accrued interest payable 55,936 60,646 - Accrued payroll and other accrued expenses 255,727 445,406 - Accrued payroll and other accrued expenses 301,162 345,779 - Student and other deposits 75,940 77,455 325,353 Accrued compensated absences 327,405 289,396 - Current portion of note and leases payable 1,186,251 1,719,999 90,197 Total current liabilities 3,503,201 3,250,498 415,550	-
Accounts payable	-
Accounts payable	-
Accrued interest payable Accrued payroll and other accrued expenses Accrued payroll and other accrued expenses Unearned revenues Student and other deposits Accrued compensated absences Accrued compensated ab	-
Accrued payroll and other accrued expenses 255,727	-
Unearned revenues 301,162 345,779 - Student and other deposits 75,940 77,455 325,353 Accrued compensated absences 327,405 289,396 - Current portion of note and leases payable 1,186,251 1,719,999 90,197 Total current liabilities 3,503,201 3,250,498 415,550 Other Liabilities	-
Student and other deposits 75,940 77,455 325,353 Accrued compensated absences 327,405 289,396 - Current portion of note and leases payable 1,186,251 1,719,999 90,197 Total current liabilities 3,503,201 3,250,498 415,550 Other Liabilities Net pension liability 11,574,153 13,144,958 - Other postemployment benefit obligations 1,342,948 112,121 - Note payable - - - 705,290 Capital lease payable to Foundation 925,166 1,015,363 - Capital lease obligations 925,166 1,015,363 - payable to state agencies 19,275,718 19,117,021 - Total other liabilities 33,117,985 33,389,463 705,290 Total liabilities 36,621,186 36,639,961 1,120,840 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to leases 120,817 134,998 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 3,613,974	-
Accrued compensated absences 327,405 289,396 -	-
Current portion of note and leases payable 1,186,251 1,719,999 90,197 Total current liabilities 3,503,201 3,250,498 415,550 Other Liabilities Net pension liability 11,574,153 13,144,958 - Other postemployment benefit obligations 1,342,948 112,121 - Note payable - - 705,290 Capital lease payable to Foundation 925,166 1,015,363 - Capital lease obligations - - 705,290 Capital lease obligations - - - - payable to state agencies 19,275,718 19,117,021 - - Total other liabilities 33,117,985 33,389,463 705,290 - Total liabilities 36,621,186 36,639,961 1,120,840 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to leases 120,817 134,998 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 3,613,974 3,811,890 - Deferred inflows related to pensions	
Total current liabilities	97,456
Net pension liability	417,894
Other postemployment benefit obligations 1,342,948 112,121 - Note payable - - 705,290 Capital lease payable to Foundation 925,166 1,015,363 - Capital lease obligations - - - - payable to state agencies 19,275,718 19,117,021 - - Total other liabilities 33,117,985 33,389,463 705,290 - Total liabilities 36,621,186 36,639,961 1,120,840 **Deferred Inflows of Resources **Deferred inflows related to leases** **Deferred inflows related to pensions** **Jenus Propositions** **Jenus Propositions* **Jenus Propositions** **Jenus Propositions** **Jenus Propositions* **Je	
Other postemployment benefit obligations 1,342,948 112,121 - Note payable - - 705,290 Capital lease payable to Foundation 925,166 1,015,363 - Capital lease obligations - - - - payable to state agencies 19,275,718 19,117,021 - - Total other liabilities 33,117,985 33,389,463 705,290 - Total liabilities 36,621,186 36,639,961 1,120,840 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to leases 120,817 134,998 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 3,613,974 3,811,890 - Deferred inflows related to postemployment benefits 1,213,216 1,302,295 -	_
Note payable	_
Capital lease obligations payable to state agencies 19,275,718 19,117,021 - Total other liabilities 33,117,985 33,389,463 705,290 Total liabilities 36,621,186 36,639,961 1,120,840 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to leases Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to postemployment benefits 1,213,216 1,302,295 -	789,205
Payable to state agencies 19,275,718 19,117,021 -	-
Total other liabilities 33,117,985 33,389,463 705,290 Total liabilities 36,621,186 36,639,961 1,120,840 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to leases 120,817 134,998 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 3,613,974 3,811,890 - Deferred inflows related to postemployment benefits 1,213,216 1,302,295 -	
Deferred Inflows of Resources 36,621,186 36,639,961 1,120,840 Deferred Inflows of Resources 120,817 134,998 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 3,613,974 3,811,890 - Deferred inflows related to postemployment benefits 1,213,216 1,302,295 -	_
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to leases 120,817 134,998 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 3,613,974 3,811,890 - Deferred inflows related to postemployment benefits 1,213,216 1,302,295 -	789,205
Deferred inflows related to leases 120,817 134,998 - Deferred inflows related to pensions 3,613,974 3,811,890 - Deferred inflows related to postemployment benefits 1,213,216 1,302,295 -	1,207,099
Deferred inflows related to pensions 3,613,974 3,811,890 - Deferred inflows related to postemployment benefits 1,213,216 1,302,295 -	
Deferred inflows related to postemployment benefits 1,213,216 1,302,295 -	-
postemployment benefits 1,213,216 1,302,295 -	-
Total deferred outflows	
of resources 4,948,007 5,249,183 -	
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets 22,685,509 19,663,332 -	-
Restricted for	
Nonexpendable 3,057,425	2,855,888
Expendable	
Scholarships, research,	
·	1,232,211
Capital projects 2,519,887 3,651,638 -	_
Other postemployment	
benefits 37,026 15,122 -	_
	2,054,770
	6,142,869
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	
	7,349,968

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Primary Government - College			Component Unit - Foundation				
		2019		2018		2019		2018
Operating Revenues								
Tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts								
and allowances; 2019 - \$6,709,000;								
2018 - \$6,859,000	\$	3,628,793	\$	3,055,027	\$	-	\$	-
Federal grants and contracts		1,054,727		2,080,147		-		-
State and local grants and contracts		10,450		9,300		-		-
Private gifts and contributions		-		9,885		-		-
Auxiliary enterprise charges								
Housing, net of scholarship discounts and								
allowances; 2019 - \$323,000; 2018 - \$331,000		1,712,041		1,719,054		-		-
Food services, net of scholarship discounts and								
allowances; 2019 - \$566,000; 2018 - \$578,000		1,952,492		1,896,628		-		-
Bookstore, net of scholarship discounts and								
allowances; 2019 - \$485,000; 2018 - \$496,000		605,019		673,025		-		-
Student Union		544,609		589,191		-		-
Athletics		87,108		76,400		-		-
Other		778,926		791,984		-		-
Gifts and contributions		-		-		632,530		930,139
Other operating revenues		369,338		181,469		-		-
Total operating revenues		10,743,503		11,082,110		632,530		930,139
Operating Expenses								
Compensation and employee benefits		11,158,230		11,039,998		-		-
Contractual services		4,911,870		4,674,688		-		-
Supplies and materials		1,690,539		1,814,909		-		-
Utilities		1,000,758		944,474		-		-
Communications		106,556		119,001		-		-
Other operating expenses		1,327,845		1,924,204		480,463		236,997
Scholarships and fellowships		2,481,076		2,888,743		102,017		110,342
Depreciation		1,926,723		1,809,866		-		-
Total operating expenses		24,603,597		25,215,883		582,480		347,339
Operating income (loss)		(13,860,094)		(14,133,773)		50,050		582,800

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Primary Government -			Component Unit -					
			lege		Foundation				
		2019		2018		2019		2018	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)									
State appropriations	\$	6,958,969	\$	6,879,321	\$	_	\$	-	
On-behalf payments for OTRS		607,082		551,580		_		-	
Federal grants and contracts		5,089,628		5,275,683		_		-	
State grants and contracts		733,264		618,580		-		-	
Private gifts and contributions		345,847		311,332		=		=	
Investment income		96,419		31,316		148,460		204,902	
Rental income		-		-		85,827		-	
Gain on investments		-		-		195,747		177,630	
Interest expense		(802,666)		(747,192)		(54,960)		(54,960)	
Impairment loss on capital assets		-		-		(225,000)		_	
Net nonoperating revenues		13,028,543		12,920,620		150,074		327,572	
Income (loss) before other revenues,									
expenses, gains and losses		(831,551)		(1,213,153)		200,124		910,372	
Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains and Losses									
State appropriations restricted for capital purposes		330,792		332,793		-		-	
On-behalf payments for OCIA capital leases		795,533		802,709		-			
Total other revenues, expenses									
gains and losses		1,126,325		1,135,502		-		_	
Change in Net Position		294,774		(77,651)		200,124		910,372	
Net Position, Beginning of Year		13,576,270		13,653,921		6,142,869		5,232,497	
Net Position, End of Year	\$	13,871,044	\$	13,576,270	\$	6,342,993	\$	6,142,869	

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Tuition and fees	\$ 3,733,858	\$ 3,412,305
Grants and contracts	1,356,199	1,982,243
Auxiliary enterprise charges	5,149,128	5,504,434
Other operating receipts	369,338	181,469
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits	(11,747,400)	(10,905,049)
Payments to suppliers	(11,543,510)	(12,205,465)
Net cash used in operating activities	(12,682,387)	(12,030,063)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
State appropriations	6,958,969	6,879,321
Federal grants and contracts	5,089,628	5,275,683
State and local grants and contracts	733,264	618,580
Private gifts and contributions	345,847	311,332
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	13,127,708	13,084,916
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Cash paid for capital assets	(3,418,233)	(3,474,775)
Capital appropriations received	330,792	332,793
Proceeds from capital debt and leases	1,259,941	3,031,310
Repayments of capital debt and leases	(1,052,237)	(1,074,357)
Interest paid on capital debt and leases	(698,976)	(608,626)
Net cash used in capital and related		
financing activities	(3,578,713)	(1,793,655)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Sale of investments	37,170	40,292
Interest received on investments	96,798	31,137
Net cash provided by investing activities	133,968	71,429
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(2,999,424)	(667,373)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	9,552,681	10,220,054
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 6,553,257	\$ 9,552,681

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the		
Statements of Net Position		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,584,262	\$ 5,442,478
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	449,108	458,565
Noncurrent assets		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	2,519,887	3,651,638
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,553,257	\$ 9,552,681
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net		
Cash Used in Operating Activities		
Operating loss	\$ (13,860,094)	\$ (14,133,773)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in		
operating activities		
Depreciation	1,926,723	1,809,866
Loss on disposal of assets	-	1,667
On-behalf payments for OTRS	607,082	551,580
Changes in net assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable	(90,363)	33,500
Inventories	38,924	23,757
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(251,954)	163,776
Other postemployment benefits	1,195,711	(1,388,069)
Net pension liability	(1,570,805)	(5,031,335)
Deferred outflows of resources	(382,493)	2,520,868
Deferred inflows of resources	(286,995)	3,379,821
Unearned revenues	(44,617)	35,768
Compensated absences	38,009	(254)
Student and other deposits	(1,515)	2,765
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$ (12,682,387)	\$ (12,030,063)
Noncash Investing, Noncapital Financing and Capital		
and Related Financing Activities		
Principal and interest on capital debt paid by state agency		
on behalf of the College	\$ 795,533	\$ 802,709
Accounts payable incurred for the purchase of capital assets	\$ 1,051,238	\$ -

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College (the "College") is an associate degree granting institution established by an act of the Oklahoma State Legislature in 1919. The College's mission is to provide higher education primarily for people of northeastern Oklahoma and surrounding areas through academic programs, cultural enrichment, lifelong learning experiences and public service activities.

Reporting Entity

The College is one of five institutions of higher education in Oklahoma that comprise part of the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges, which is a member of the Oklahoma State System of the Higher Education, a component unit of the State of Oklahoma, and is included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the State of Oklahoma as part of Higher Education component unit.

The Board of Regents for the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges (the "Board of Regents") has constitutional authority to govern, control and manage the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges, which consist of five institutions. This authority includes but is not limited to the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, acquire and take title to real and personal property in its name, appoint or hire all necessary officers, supervisors, instructors and employees for member institutions.

Accordingly, the College is considered an organizational unit of the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges reporting entity for financial reporting purposes due to the significance of its legal, operational and financial relationships with the Board of Regents as defined in Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College Development Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation") is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the College. Although the College does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources, or income thereon, which the Foundation holds and invests is restricted to the activities governed by donors, bond documents and/or trustees. Accordingly, resources received and held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the College. The Foundation is considered a discretely-presented component unit of the College under the definition of GASB Statement No. 39. The Foundation reports under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC). As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information for these differences. The Foundation prepares separate, standalone financial statements which may be obtained by contacting the Foundation's management.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Financial Statement Presentation

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the recognized standard setting body for accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) applicable to public sector institutions of higher education. The College applies all applicable GASB pronouncements.

Basis of Accounting

For financial reporting purposes, the College is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the College's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange transaction takes place, while those from government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions (principally federal and state grants and state appropriations) are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. Internal activity and balances are eliminated in preparation of the financial statements unless they relate to services provided and used internally. Operating revenues and expenses include exchange transactions and program-specific, government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions. Government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions that are not program specific (such as state appropriations), investment income and interest on capital asset-related debt are included in nonoperating revenues and expenses. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. All significant intraagency transactions have been eliminated.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the College considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Funds invested through the State Treasurer's Cash Management Program and the College's ODFA bond funds held in money market funds are considered cash equivalents.

Investments

The College accounts for its investments at fair value based on quoted market prices. Changes in unrealized gain (loss) on the carrying value of investments are reported as a component of investment income in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of tuition and fee charges to students and auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty and staff, the majority of each residing in the State. Accounts receivable also include amounts due from the Federal government, state and local governments or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the College's grants and contracts. Accounts receivable are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts. The College determines its allowance by considering a number of factors, including the length of time accounts receivable are past due, the College's previous loss history and the condition of the general economy and the industry as a whole.

Inventories

Inventories consist primarily of books and supplies held for resale. Inventories are carried at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or fair market value.

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents that are externally restricted to make debt service payments, maintain sinking or reserve funds, or to purchase capital or other noncurrent assets are classified as restricted assets in the statements of net position.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition, or acquisition value at the date of donation in the case of gifts. For equipment, the College's capitalization policy includes all items with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more, and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Renovations to buildings, infrastructure and land improvements that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the structure are capitalized. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense in the year in which the expense was incurred.

Costs incurred during construction of long-lived assets are recorded as construction in progress and are not depreciated until placed in service. The College capitalized interest as a component of capital assets constructed for its own use until the adoption of GASB Statement No. 89 in 2019. There was no capitalized interest in 2019 or 2018.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 25 to 40 years for buildings, infrastructure and land improvements and 7 years for library materials and equipment.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues include amounts received for tuition and fees and certain auxiliary activities prior to the end of the fiscal year but related to the subsequent accounting period. Unearned revenues also include amounts received from grant and contract sponsors that have not yet been earned.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Compensated Absences

Employee vacation pay is accrued at year end for financial statement purposes and is earned to the extent the employee is expected to realize the benefit in cash determined using the termination payment method. The liability and expense incurred are recorded at year end as accrued compensated absences in the statements of net position, and as a component of compensation and benefit expense in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Compensated absence liabilities are computed using the regular pay and termination pay rates in effect at statement of net position date plus an additional amount for compensation-related payments such as Social Security and Medicare taxes computed using rates in effect at that date.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Net Position

The College's net position is classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets: The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted net position, expendable: Restricted expendable net position includes resources in which the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

Restricted net position, nonexpendable: Nonexpendable restricted net position consists of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal.

Unrestricted net position: Unrestricted net position represents resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations and sales and services of educational departments and auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the College, and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any purpose. These resources also include auxiliary enterprises, which are substantially self-supporting activities that provide services for students, faculty and staff.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the College's policy is to first apply the expense towards restricted resources and then towards unrestricted resources.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Income Taxes

As a state institution of higher education, the income of the College is generally exempt from federal income taxes under Section 115(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. However, the College may be subject to income taxes on unrelated business income under Internal Revenue Code Section 511(a)(2)(B).

Classification of Revenues

The College has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating revenues according to the following criteria:

Operating revenues: Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, (3) grants and contracts meeting certain criteria and (4) interest on institutional student loans.

Nonoperating revenues: Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as gifts and contributions, student aid revenues and other revenue sources that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB Statement No. 9, *Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*, and GASB Statement No. 34, such as state appropriations and investment income.

Scholarship Discounts and Allowances

Student tuition and fee revenues, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. Scholarship discounts and allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the College, and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the students' behalf. Certain governmental grants, such as Pell grants, and other federal, state or nongovernmental programs, are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the College's financial statements. To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the College has recorded a scholarship discount and allowance.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows are the consumption of net position by the College that are applicable to a future reporting period. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the College's deferred outflows of resources were comprised of deferred charges related to pensions and other postemployment benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows are the acquisition of net position by the College that are applicable to a future reporting period. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the College's deferred inflows of resources were comprised of deferred credits related to leases, pensions and other postemployment benefits.

Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Plans

The College participates in a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Oklahoma (OTRS) has been determined on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OTRS and additions to/deductions from OTRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The College has a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan, providing health insurance and life insurance to retirees (the "OPEB Plans"). For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Revisions

Certain immaterial error corrections have been made to 2018 financial statements for the reclassification of amounts which reduce the outstanding accounts receivable balance and the outstanding accounts payable balance rather than recorded as previously presented. The revisions had no effect on previously reported net position and did not have a significant impact on the financial statement line items impacted.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

New Accounting Pronouncements Adopted in Fiscal Year 2019

The College adopted the following accounting pronouncements during the year ended June 30, 2019:

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations

GASB Statement No. 83 was issued in November 2016, and addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. The College adopted GASB Statement 83 effective July 1, 2018, for the June 30, 2019, reporting year. The implementation did not have a significant impact on the College's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

GASB Statement No. 88 was issued in March 2018, and provides certain clarifications regarding debt as a liability and identifies additional required disclosures related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements of debt. The College adopted GASB Statement 88 effective July 1, 2018, for the June 30, 2019, reporting year. The implementation did not have a significant impact on the College's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period

GASB Statement No. 89 was issued in June 2018, and directs that interest costs incurred during the construction period of an asset be expensed in the period incurred. GASB Statement 89 changes previous guidance regarding capitalized construction costs where such costs were typically included in the capitalized cost of the asset constructed and depreciated over time. The College early implemented GASB Statement 89 in 2019. The implementation did not have a significant impact on the College's financial statements.

Note 2: Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank or other institution failure, the College's deposits may not be returned or the College will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The College deposits its funds with the Office of the State Treasurer (OST). Oklahoma statutes require OST to ensure that all state funds either be insured by Federal Deposit Insurance, collateralized by securities held by the cognizant Federal Reserve Bank or invested in U.S. government obligations. The College's deposits with the State Treasurer are pooled with the funds of other State agencies and then, in accordance with statutory limitations, placed in financial institutions or invested as the Treasurer may determine, in the State's name.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the carrying amount of the College's deposits with the State Treasurer and other financial institutions were as follows:

	2019	2018
Deposits with the State Treasurer U.S. financial institutions	\$ 4,025,7	5 5
Petty cash Total deposits	\$ 4,033,3	7,650 7,650 5,901,043
Total deposits	ψ 1,033, .	3,701,043

Of the \$4,025,715 and \$5,893,388 in cash and cash equivalents on deposit with the State Treasurer as of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively, \$692,554 and \$1,782,128, respectively, represent amounts held within *OK INVEST*, an internal investment pool. Agencies and funds that are considered to be part of the State's reporting entity in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report are allowed to participate in *OK INVEST*. Oklahoma statutes and the State Treasurer establish the primary objectives and guidelines governing the investment of funds in *OK INVEST*. Safety, liquidity and return on investment are the objectives that establish the framework for the day to day *OK INVEST* management with an emphasis on safety of the capital and the probable income to be derived and meeting the State's daily cash flow requirements. Guidelines in the State Treasurer's Investment Policy address credit quality requirements, diversification percentages and the types and maturities of allowable investments. The specifics regarding these policies can be found on the State Treasurer's website at http://www.ok.gov/treasurer/. The College considers the amount on deposit with *OK INVEST* to be demand accounts and they are reported as cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value in accordance with GAAP. The College's investments are measured and reported at fair value and classified according to the following hierarchal input levels:

- **Level 1** Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets, or inputs that are observable or other forms of market corroborated inputs.
- **Level 3** Pricing based on best available information, including primarily unobservable inputs and assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the College had the following investments:

Types of Investments	Fair Value Hierarchy	Credit Rating	Maturities	2019	2018
U.S. Treasury securities Bank certificates of deposit U.S. agency mortgage-	Level 1 N/A Level 2	Aaa N/A Aaa	0 - 10 years Less than one year 1 - 25 years	\$ 292,218 1,587 44,312	\$ 316,365 1,174 57,748
backed securities				\$ 338,117	\$ 375,287

Interest Rate Risk

The College does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The College is authorized to invest in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Regents.

Custodial Credit Risk

All United States government obligations are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the College. The majority of the College's certificates of deposit were invested through the State Treasurer. The Board has authorized short-term funds to be invested in any security currently available through the Oklahoma State Treasurer's Office. Generally, these include direct obligations of the United States Government and its agencies, certificates of deposit and demand deposits.

ODFA Bond Fund Cash and Investments

Certain nonpooled cash and investments are restricted in purpose by policies incorporated in applicable bond indentures. Credit risk policy generally restricts investing to cash, investments fully insured by the FDIC and U.S. government and agency securities or mutual funds investing in these types of securities. There may be some variance among the investments authorized by the specific bond indentures of College bond issues. The OST and/or a trustee bank generally provide the management of restricted, nonpooled investments. Custodial credit risk is not addressed by bond indentures. Interest rate risk in bond indentures provide that investments mature in no more than six to sixty months depending on the purpose of the funds and the requirements of the account in which the funds are deposited, *i.e.* construction, reserve, operations and maintenance, etc. Concentration of credit risk is not addressed.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the College had the following bond fund investments, which are reported as restricted cash equivalents in the accompanying statement of net position.

	Fair Value Hierarchy	Average Credit Quality Ratings (1)	Weighted Average No. of Years to Maturity (2)	2019 Fair Value	2018 Fair Value
Cavanal Hill U.S. Treasury - Admin #0002	Level 1	AAAm	0.10	\$ 176,711	\$ 289,774
Black Rock Liquid FedFund - Cash Res #00U3	Level 1	AAAm	0.10	2,342,932	3,148,346
Federated Government Obligations Tax	Level 1	A A A	0.12	244	212 510
Managed Service Money Market Fund	Level 1	AAAm	0.12	244	213,518
				\$ 2,519,887	\$ 3,651,638

- 1. Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate Credit Risk. Ratings report are Standards and Poor's.
- 2. Interest Rate Risk is estimated using weighted average years to maturity.

Note 3: Accounts Receivable and Other Receivables

Accounts receivable consisted of the following at June 30:

_			2018
\$	2,247,062	\$	1,452,581
	1,530,150		1,011,854
	249,576		540,598
	4,026,788		3,005,033
(3	3,137,136)	(2	2,205,744)
\$	889,652	\$	799,289
	2019		2018
\$	2,063	\$	2,442
	27,971		27,971
\$	30,034	\$	30,413
	\$	1,530,150 249,576 4,026,788 (3,137,136) \$ 889,652 2019 \$ 2,063 27,971	1,530,150 249,576 4,026,788 (3,137,136) (2 \$ 889,652 \$ 2019 \$ 2,063 27,971

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 4: Capital Assets

Following are the changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance at ine 30, 2018		Additions	ansfers and etirements	Balance at ne 30, 2019
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 500,716	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 500,716
Construction in progress	 156,651		3,985,646	(1,045,603)	3,096,694
Total not being depreciated	657,367		3,985,646	 (1,045,603)	3,597,410
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	56,919,971		129,550	177,095	57,226,616
Nonstructural improvements	438,989		24,645	868,508	1,332,142
Infrastructure	1,377,873		-	-	1,377,873
Equipment	8,891,990		274,508	(1,849)	9,164,649
Library materials	2,658,591		55,122	-	2,713,713
Total capital assets being	 •				
depreciated	 70,287,414		483,825	 1,043,754	 71,814,993
Accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	(19,469,530)		(1,221,087)	-	(20,690,617)
Nonstructural improvements	(259,783)		(34,703)	-	(294,486)
Infrastructure	(736,002)		(67,818)	-	(803,820)
Equipment	(6,267,658)		(539,731)	1,849	(6,805,540)
Library materials	 (2,561,095)		(63,384)		(2,624,479)
Total accumulated depreciation	(29,294,068)	_	(1,926,723)	1,849	(31,218,942)
Capital assets, net	\$ 41,650,713	\$	2,542,748	\$ 	\$ 44,193,461
Capital asset summary					
Capital asset not being depreciated	\$ 657,367	\$	3,985,646	\$ (1,045,603)	\$ 3,597,410
Other capital assets, at cost	 70,287,414		483,825	1,043,754	71,814,993
Total cost of capital assets	70,944,781		4,469,471	 (1,849)	75,412,403
Less accumulated deprecation	(29,294,068)		(1,926,723)	1,849	(31,218,942)
Capital assets, net	\$ 41,650,713	\$	2,542,748	\$ -	\$ 44,193,461

The cost and related accumulated depreciation of assets held under capital lease obligations at June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	 Buildings	Infra	astructure	E	quipment	 nstructural provement	Total
Cost Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 17,150,939 (2,669,966)	\$	298,070 (104,099)	\$	4,688,709 (1,146,423)	\$ 868,508 (22,630)	\$ 23,006,226 (3,943,118)
	\$ 14,480,973	\$	193,971	\$	3,542,286	\$ 845,878	\$ 19,063,108

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Following are the changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Balance at ne 30, 2017	Additions	ansfers and etirements	Balance at ine 30, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 500,716	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 500,716
Construction in progress	3,430,176	2,427,744	(5,701,269)	156,651
Total not being depreciated	3,930,892	2,427,744	(5,701,269)	657,367
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	52,926,886	-	3,993,085	56,919,971
Nonstructural improvements	432,364	6,625	-	438,989
Infrastructure	1,377,873	-	-	1,377,873
Equipment	7,516,533	371,030	1,004,427	8,891,990
Library materials	2,599,950	 58,641	 	2,658,591
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	 64,853,606	 436,296	4,997,512	70,287,414
Accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(18,323,819)	(1,145,711)	-	(19,469,530)
Nonstructural improvements	(257,470)	(2,313)	-	(259,783)
Infrastructure	(655,906)	(80,096)	-	(736,002)
Equipment	(6,453,128)	(516,620)	702,090	(6,267,658)
Library materials	(2,495,969)	(65,126)	_	(2,561,095)
Total accumulated depreciation	(28,186,292)	(1,809,866)	702,090	(29,294,068)
Capital assets, net	\$ 40,598,206	\$ 1,054,174	\$ (1,667)	\$ 41,650,713
Capital asset summary				
Capital asset not being depreciated	\$ 3,930,892	\$ 2,427,744	\$ (5,701,269)	\$ 657,367
Other capital assets, at cost	64,853,606	436,296	4,997,512	70,287,414
Total cost of capital assets	68,784,498	2,864,040	(703,757)	70,944,781
Less accumulated deprecation	 (28,186,292)	 (1,809,866)	 702,090	 (29,294,068)
Capital assets, net	\$ 40,598,206	\$ 1,054,174	\$ (1,667)	\$ 41,650,713

The cost and related accumulated depreciation of assets held under capital lease obligations at June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	 Buildings	Infra	astructure	Е	quipment	Total
Cost Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 16,844,294 (2,245,026)	\$	298,070 (87,091)	\$	4,688,709 (863,345)	\$ 21,831,073 (3,195,462)
	\$ 14,599,268	\$	210,979	\$	3,825,364	\$ 18,635,611

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 5: Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2018	Additions	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2019	Amounts Due Within One Year
Capital lease obligations	·			•	
OCIA Series 2010A (2.00% - 5.00%)	\$ 582,434	\$ -	\$ (582,434)	\$ -	\$ -
OCIA Series 2014A (2.00% - 5.00%)	2,993,446	-	(6,705)	2,986,741	3,624
OCIA Series 2014B (2.00% - 4.00%)	35,127	-	(35,127)	-	_
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2010A					
(0.45% - 4.25%)	2,369,085	-	(167,333)	2,201,752	171,416
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2010B					
(0.74% - 6.05%)	442,667	-	(26,834)	415,833	28,332
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2011A					
(0.45% - 5.00%)	2,229,917	-	(133,417)	2,096,500	138,500
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2011C					
(0.45% - 5.00%)	144,168	-	(10,083)	134,085	11,000
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2013A					
(2.00% - 4.00%)	1,886,833	-	(62,333)	1,824,500	64,500
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2014C					
(2.00% - 4.125%)	957,250	-	(45,083)	912,167	46,167
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2015C					
(0.54% - 4.87%)	89,167	-	(46,083)	43,084	43,084
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2016F					
(0.55% - 3.06%)	4,159,167	-	(94,417)	4,064,750	99,000
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2017C					
(2.00% - 4.00%)	1,464,333	-	(224,667)	1,239,666	232,833
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2018A					
(3.75% - 4.00%)	2,834,000	-	(152,250)	2,681,750	147,500
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2019A					
(3.00% - 5.00%)	-	1,091,000	(4,250)	1,086,750	51,333
Premiums on master leases	586,692	168,941	(49,599)	706,034	59,678
Discount on master leases	(22,753)	-	913	(21,840)	(913)
NEO Development Foundation -					
Multipurpose Athletic Center (<i>Note</i> 9)	1,100,850	-	(85,487)	1,015,363	90,197
Total capital assets	21,852,383	1,259,941	(1,725,189)	21,387,135	1,186,251
Other liabilities					
Accrued compensated absences	289,396	147,866	(109,857)	327,405	327,405
Total other liabilities	289,396	147,866	(109,857)	327,405	327,405
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 22,141,779	\$ 1,407,807	\$ (1,835,046)	\$ 21,714,540	\$ 1,513,656

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2018	Amounts Due Within One Year
Capital lease obligations	Φ 1.150.064	Ф	Φ (5(0,020)	Φ 502.424	Ф 500 40 A
OCIA Series 2010A (2.00% - 5.00%)	\$ 1,152,364	\$ -	\$ (569,930)	\$ 582,434	\$ 582,434
OCIA Series 2014A (2.00% - 5.00%) OCIA Series 2014B (2.00% - 4.00%)	2,993,446 68,911	-	(33,784)	2,993,446 35,127	6,705 35,127
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2010A	00,911	-	(33,764)	33,127	33,127
(0.45% - 4.25%)	2,532,418	_	(163,333)	2,369,085	167,333
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2010B	2,332,410		(103,333)	2,307,003	107,555
(0.74% - 6.05%)	529,417	_	(86,750)	442,667	26,833
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2011A	323,117		(00,750)	1.12,007	20,033
(0.45% - 5.00%)	2,384,000	_	(154,083)	2,229,917	133,417
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2011C	,- ,- ,- ·		(- ,,	, - ,	,
(0.45% - 5.00%)	216,501	-	(72,333)	144,168	10,083
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2013A	,		, ,	ŕ	,
(2.00% - 4.00%)	2,006,583	-	(119,750)	1,886,833	62,333
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2014C					
(2.00% - 4.125%)	1,001,333	-	(44,083)	957,250	45,083
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2015C					
(0.54% - 4.87%)	134,250	-	(45,083)	89,167	46,083
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2016F					
(0.55% - 3.06%)	4,253,167	-	(94,000)	4,159,167	94,417
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2017C					
(2.00% - 4.00%)	1,678,250	-	(213,917)	1,464,333	224,667
ODFA Master Lease, Series 2018A					
(3.75% - 4.00%)	-	2,834,000	-	2,834,000	152,250
Premiums on master leases	432,079	197,310	(42,697)	586,692	48,660
Discount on master leases	(23,666)	-	913	(22,753)	(913)
NEO Development Foundation -	1 101 074		(01.024)	1 100 050	05.407
Multipurpose Athletic Center (Note 9)	1,181,874		(81,024)	1,100,850	85,487
Total capital assets	20,540,927	3,031,310	(1,719,854)	21,852,383	1,719,999
Other liabilities					
Accrued compensated absences	289,650	149,041	(149,295)	289,396	289,396
1222 and compensated dobelless	207,030	117,011	(117,273)	200,300	200,000
Total other liabilities	289,650	149,041	(149,295)	289,396	289,396
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 20,830,577	\$ 3,180,351	\$ (1,869,149)	\$ 22,141,779	\$ 2,009,395

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority Lease Obligations (OCIA)

In 1999, the Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority (OCIA) issued its OCIA Bond Issues, 1999 Series A, B and C. Of the total bond indebtedness, the OSRHE allocated \$500,611 to the College. Concurrently with the allocation, the College entered into a lease agreement with OCIA, for the project being funded by the OCIA bonds. The lease agreement provides for the College to make specified monthly payments to OCIA over the respective terms of the agreement, which is for approximately 20 years. The proceeds of the bonds and subsequent leases are to provide for capital improvements at the College.

In 2004, the OCIA issued bond series 2004A that refunded a significant portion of the 1999A bonds. Consequently, the amortization of the 1999A bond issue ended in 2010. The lease agreement will no longer secure the 1999A bond issue but will now act as security for the 2004A bond issue over the term of the lease through the year 2020.

In 2015, the College's remaining 2004 lease agreement with OCIA was restructured through a complete refunding of the Series 2004A bonds. OCIA issued new bonds, Series 2014B, to accomplish the refunding. As a result, the total liability of the remaining 2004A bonds refunded and the amount of the 2014B bonds acquired was a gain on restructuring of \$15,855, which was recorded as a deferred inflow of resources that will be amortized over a period of five years. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the unamortized gain totaled \$0 and \$3,280, respectively. The restructured lease agreement with OCIA secures the OCIA bond indebtedness and any future indebtedness that might be issued to refund earlier bond issues. The College's aforementioned lease agreement with OCIA was automatically restructured to secure the new bond issues. This refinancing resulted in an aggregate difference in principal and interest between the original lease agreement and the refinanced lease agreement of \$26,006, which approximates the economic savings of the transaction.

In 2005, the OCIA issued its State Facilities Revenue Bonds (Higher Education Project) Series 2005F. Of the total bond indebtedness, the OSRHE allocated approximately \$6,000,000 to the College. Total lease payments over the term of the agreement including principal and interest, beginning July 1, 2006 through July 1, 2030, will be \$10,400,529. Payments will be made annually ranging from \$164,494 to \$442,595. Concurrently with the allocation, the College entered into a lease agreement with OCIA for the projects being funded by the OCIA bonds. The proceeds of the bonds and subsequent leases are to provide for capital improvements at the College.

In 2011, the OCIA Series 2005F lease agreement was restructured through a partial refunding of OCIA's 2005F bond debt. OCIA issued two new bonds, Series 2010A and 2010B. The lease agreements with OCIA secure the OCIA bond debt and any future debt that might be issued to refund earlier bond issues. OCIA issued this new debt to provide budgetary relief for fiscal years 2011 and 2012 by extending and restructuring debt service. Consequently, the lease agreement with OCIA was automatically restructured to secure the new bond issues. This lease restructuring has extended certain principal payments into the future, resulting in a charge or cost on restructuring that has been recorded as a charge of \$339,333 on restructuring as a deferred outflow of resources that was amortized over a period of six years. This restructuring resulted in an aggregate debt service difference for principal and interest between the original lease agreement and the restructured lease agreement of \$64,688, which also approximates the economic cost of the lease restructuring. Although this restructuring resulted in a cost to the College, it is anticipated that the on-behalf payments provided to cover the original lease agreement will also cover the deferred lease restructuring charge.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

In 2014, the College's remaining 2005 lease agreement with OCIA was restructured through a partial refunding of the Series 2005F bonds. OCIA issued new bonds, Series 2014A, to accomplish the refunding. As a result, the total liability of the remaining 2005F bonds refunded and the amount of the 2014A bonds acquired was a credit on restructuring of \$178,047, which was recorded as a deferred inflow of resources that will be amortized over a period of 18 years. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the unamortized credit totaled \$120,817 and \$131,718, respectively. The restructured lease agreement with OCIA secures the OCIA bond indebtedness and any future indebtedness that might be issued to refund earlier bond issues. The College's aforementioned lease agreement with OCIA was automatically restructured to secure the new bond issues. This refinancing resulted in an aggregate difference in principal and interest between the original lease agreement and the refinanced lease agreement of \$419,355, which approximates the economic savings of the transaction.

Lease principal and interest payments to OCIA, totaling \$795,533 and \$802,709 during the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, were made by the State of Oklahoma on behalf of the College. These payments have been recorded as on-behalf payments for OCIA capital leases in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Oklahoma Development Finance Authority Lease Obligations (ODFA)

In 2010, the College entered into a capital lease obligation for the ODFA Master Equipment Lease Purchase Agreement, Series 2010B in the amount of \$1,627,812. Total lease payments over the term of the agreement, beginning January 15, 2011 through November 15, 2030, will be \$2,023,077. Payments will be made monthly ranging from \$17,802 to \$19,168. Proceeds from the obligation were used for the Student Union Renovation Project. Through June 30, 2012, the College had drawn its total allotment for expenditures incurred in connection with the project.

In 2010, the College entered into a capital lease obligation for the ODFA Master Real Property Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A in the amount of \$3,500,000. Total lease payments over the term of the agreement, beginning July 14, 2011 through May 15, 2031, will be \$4,579,321. Payments will be made monthly ranging from \$19,165 to \$21,124. Proceeds from the obligation were used for the Student Union Renovation Project. Through June 30, 2012, the College had drawn its total allotment for expenditures incurred in connection with the project.

In 2011, the College entered into a capital lease obligation for the ODFA Master Real Property Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A in the amount of \$3,065,000. Total lease payments over the term of the agreement, beginning July 14, 2011 through May 15, 2031, will be \$4,560,290. Payments will be made monthly ranging from \$19,158 to \$21,004. Proceeds from the obligation were used for the Student Union Renovation Project. Through June 30, 2012, the College had drawn its total allotment for expenditures incurred in connection with the project. In August of 2011, the Student Union Renovation was completed and the facility placed in service.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

In 2011, the College entered into a capital lease obligation for the ODFA Master Equipment Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A in the amount of \$167,000. Total lease payments over the term of the agreement, beginning May 11, 2011 through May 15, 2018 will be \$188,409. Payments will be made monthly ranging from \$2,205 to \$2,281. Proceeds from the obligation will be used for lighting upgrades. In October 2012, the lighting upgrade project was completed and placed in service. Through June 30, 2015, the College had drawn its total allotment for expenditures incurred in connection with the project.

In 2011, the College entered into a capital lease obligation for the ODFA Master Equipment and Real Property Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2011C in the amount of \$665,000. Total lease payments over the term of the agreement, beginning October 15, 2011 through May 15, 2031, will be \$823,610. Payments will be made monthly ranging from \$868 to \$8,611. Proceeds from the obligation were used for upgrades to campus equipment, a new VOIP phone system and the construction of a new Student Housing Project. Through June 30, 2013, the College had drawn its total allotment for expenditures incurred in connection with the project. In October 2012, the VOIP project was completed and placed in service. The Student Housing Complex was completed and placed into service in January 2012.

In 2013, the College entered into a capital lease obligation for the ODFA Master Equipment and Real Property Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A in the amount of \$2,433,000. Total lease payments over the term of the agreement, beginning December 15, 2013 through May 15, 2043, will be \$4,104,857. Payments will be made monthly ranging from \$10,300 to \$17,967. Proceeds from the obligation were used for reimbursing 2013 expenditures for the Kah-Ne Hall renovation, campus vehicles and classroom furniture. Through June 30, 2015, the College had drawn its total allotment for reimbursing expenditures incurred in connection with the projects.

In 2014, the College entered into a capital lease obligation for the ODFA Master Real Property Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2014C in the amount of \$1,145,000. Total lease payments over the term of the agreement, beginning May 15, 2014 through May 15, 2034, will be \$1,614,149. Payments will be made monthly ranging from \$6,229 to \$6,838. Proceeds from the obligation will be used for improvements to the Synar Farm. Through June 30, 2019, the College has drawn all but \$136,835 of its total allotment.

In 2016, the College entered into a capital lease obligation for the ODFA Master Equipment Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2015C in the amount of \$201,000. Total lease payments over the term of the agreement, beginning January 15, 2016 through May 15, 2020, will be \$218,609. Payments will be made monthly ranging from \$4,050 to \$4,571. Proceeds from the obligation will be used for the purchase of a new telephone system for the entire campus. Through June 30, 2019, the College has drawn all but \$39,876 of its total allotment.

In 2017, the College entered into a capital lease obligation for the ODFA Master Equipment Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2016F in the amount of \$4,328,000. Total lease payments over the term of the agreement, beginning October 15, 2016 through May 15, 2046, will be \$6,879,502. Payments will be made monthly ranging from \$19,087 to \$23,118. Proceeds from the obligation will be used for the construction of a new Student Housing Project. Through June 30, 2019, the College has drawn its total allotment for expenditures incurred in connection with the project.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

In 2017, the College entered into a capital lease obligation for the ODFA Master Equipment Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2017C in the amount of \$1,696,000. Total lease payments over the term of the agreement, beginning June 15, 2017 through May 15, 2024, will be \$1,991,629. Payments will be made monthly ranging from \$23,243 to \$24,526. Proceeds from the obligation will be used for the purchase of a new fiber optic system and a new security camera system for the entire campus. Through June 30, 2019, the College has drawn all but \$245 of its total allotment.

In 2018, the College entered into a capital lease obligation for the ODFA Master Real Property Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A in the amount of \$2,834,000. Total lease payments over the term of the agreement, beginning July 15, 2018 through May 15, 2033, will be \$3,888,524. Payments will be made monthly ranging from \$21,227 to \$23,685. Proceeds from the obligation will be used for the deferred maintenance of various buildings on campus. Through June 30, 2019, the College has drawn all but \$1,091,446 of its total allotment.

In 2019, the College entered into a capital lease obligation for the ODFA Master Real Property Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2019A in the amount of \$1,250,000. Total lease payments over the term of the agreement, beginning June 15, 2019 through May 15, 2034, will be \$1,545,043. Payments will be made monthly ranging from \$8,404 to \$8,897. Proceeds from the obligation will be used for the deferred maintenance of various fixtures, equipment and buildings on campus. Through June 30, 2019, the College has not drawn any of its total allotment.

Future minimum lease payments under the College's obligations to the OCIA and ODFA are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total		
Years ending June 30					
2020	\$ 1,037,289	\$ 788,280	\$ 1,825,569		
2021	1,009,167	749,153	1,758,320		
2022	1,047,083	712,199	1,759,282		
2023	1,364,829	673,560	2,038,389		
2024	1,392,214	619,041	2,011,255		
2025 - 2029	6,409,348	2,313,481	8,722,829		
2030 - 2034	4,262,646	991,239	5,253,885		
2035 - 2039	1,304,167	466,259	1,770,426		
2040 - 2044	1,438,750	207,706	1,646,456		
2045 - 2046	422,085	18,850	440,935		
	\$ 19,687,578	\$ 7,539,768	\$ 27,227,346		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 6: Retirement Plans

A summary of pension amounts as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 follows:

	As of June 30, 2019								
	Net Pension Liability			Deferred Outflows	ļ	Deferred Inflows	Pension Expense		
Supplemental Retirement Liability OTRS Pension Liability	\$	41,822 11,532,331	\$	- 1,879,567	\$	- 3,613,974	\$	5,481 279,902	
Total \$ 11,574,153	11,574,153	\$	1,879,567	\$	3,613,974	\$	285,383		
				As of June	30	2018			
	Net Pension Liability			Deferred Outflows	l	Deferred Inflows	Pension Expense		
Supplemental Retirement Liability OTRS Pension Liability	\$	51,134 13,093,824	\$	2,516,557	\$	3,811,890	\$	9,293 896,621	
Total	\$	13,144,958	\$	2,516,557	\$	3,811,890	\$	905,914	

Plan Description - OTRS

The College as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement Plan—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System (OTRS). Title 70 O. S. Sec. 17-105 defines all retirement benefits. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State Legislature. OTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/OTRS.

Benefits Provided

OTRS provides retirement, disability and death benefits to members of the plan.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Benefit provisions include:

- Members who join OTRS after July 1, 1991, become fully vested in retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service. Members who join OTRS on or after November 1, 2017, become fully vested after seven years of credited service. Any member who has attained age 55 or who has completed 30 years of creditable service, or for any person who initially became a member prior to July 1, 1992, whose age and number of years of creditable service total 80 may be retired upon proper application for retirement on forms established by the System and executing a retirement contract. Any person who became a member after June 30, 1992, but prior to November 1, 2011, whose age and number of years of creditable service total 90 may be retired upon proper application for retirement and executing a retirement contract. Any person who becomes a member on or after November 1, 2011, who attains the age of 65 years or who reaches a normal retirement date having attained a minimum age of 60 years may be retired upon proper application for retirement and executing a retirement contract.
- Final compensation for members who joined the System prior to July 1, 1992, is defined as the average salary for the three highest years of compensation. Final compensation for members joining the System after June 30, 1992, is defined as the average of the highest five consecutive years of annual compensation in which contributions have been made. The final average compensation is limited for service credit accumulated prior to July 1, 1995 to \$40,000 or \$25,000, depending on the member's election. Monthly benefits are 1/12 of this amount. Service credits accumulated after June 30, 1995, are calculated based on each member's final average compensation, except for certain employees of the two comprehensive universities. Upon the death of a member who has not yet retired, the designated beneficiary shall receive the member's total contributions plus 100 percent of interest earned through the end of the fiscal year, with interest rates varying based on time of service. A surviving spouse of a qualified member may elect to receive, in lieu of the aforementioned benefits, the retirement benefit the member was entitled to at the time of death as provided under the Joint Survivor Benefit Option.
- Upon the death of a retired member, the System will pay \$5,000 to the designated beneficiary, in addition to the benefits provided for the retirement option selected by the member.
- A member is eligible for disability benefits after ten years of credited Oklahoma service. The disability benefit is equal to 2 percent of final average compensation for the applicable years of credited service.
- Upon separation from the System, members' contributions are refundable with interest based on certain restrictions provided in the plan, or by the IRC.
- Members may elect to make additional contributions to a tax-sheltered annuity program up to the exclusion allowance provided under the IRC Section 403(b).

At the election of each eligible member initiating receipt of retirement benefits, the System remits between \$100 and \$105 per month per eligible retiree to the Employees Group Insurance Division (EGID), depending on the members' years of service.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Contributions

The contributions requirements of the plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute, amended by the Oklahoma Legislature, and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 7 percent of their annual pay. Participating employers are required to contribute 9.5 percent of the employees' annual pay and an additional 7.7 percent for any employees' salaries covered by federal funds.

Contributions to the pension plan from the College were \$795,239 and \$771,894 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to OTRS, totaling \$607,082 and \$551,580 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the College reported a liability of \$11,532,331 and \$13,093,824, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 and 2017. The College's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the College's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. Based upon this information, the College's proportion for June 30, 2018 and 2017, was 0.190803 percent and 0.197753 percent, respectively. For the years ended June 30, 2019 and, 2018, the College recognized pension expense of \$279,902 and \$896,621, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

At June 30, 2019, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	(Deferred Dutflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	797,177	
Change of assumptions		1,081,114		590,681	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		200,469	
Changes in College's proportionate share of contributions		-		1,928,270	
Differences between College contributions and proportionate share of contributions		3,214		97,377	
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date		795,239		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	1,879,567	\$	3,613,974	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

At June 30, 2018, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 893,950
Change of assumptions	1,553,877	782,724
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	186,123	-
Changes in College's proportionate share of contributions	-	2,064,596
Differences between College contributions and proportionate share of contributions	4,663	70,620
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date	771,894	<u> </u>
Total	\$ 2,516,557	\$ 3,811,890

The amounts of \$795,239 and \$771,894, which are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2020	\$ (273,404)
2021	(521,070)
2022	(1,110,139)
2023	(575,523)
2024	 (49,510)
	 _
	\$ (2,529,646)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019, was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age
- Inflation 2.50 percent
- Future Ad Hoc Cost-of-living Increases None
- Salary Increases Composed of 3.25 percent inflation, including 2.50 percent price inflation, plus a service-related component ranging from 0.00 percent to 8 percent based on years of service.
- Investment Rate of Return − 7.50 percent
- Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates based on age, service and gender. Adopted
 by the Board in May 2015 in conjunction with the five-year experience study for the period
 ending June 30, 2014.
- Mortality Rates after Retirement Males: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for males with White Collar Adjustments. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale BB from table's base year of 2000. Females: GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table, scaled at 105 percent. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale BB from the table's base year of 2012.
- Mortality Rates for Active Members RP 2000 Employer Mortality tables, with male rates multiplied by 60 percent and female rates multiplied by 50 percent.

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Domestic equity	38.5%	7.5%		
International equity	19.0%	8.5%		
Fixed income	23.5%	2.5%		
Real estate**	9.0%	4.5%		
Alternative assets	10.0%	6.1%		
Total	100%			

^{**} The real estate total expected return is a combination of U.S. Direct Real Estate (unlevered) and U.S. Value added real estate (unlevered).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2018, was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age
- Inflation 2.50 percent
- Future Ad Hoc Cost-of-living Increases None
- Salary Increases Composed of 3.25 percent inflation, including 2.50 percent price inflation, plus a service-related component ranging from 0.00 percent to 8 percent based on years of service.
- Investment Rate of Return 7.50 percent
- Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates based on age, service and gender. Adopted by the Board in May 2015 in conjunction with the five-year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2014.
- Mortality Rates after Retirement Males: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for males with White Collar Adjustments. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale BB from table's base year of 2000. Females: GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table, scaled at 105 percent. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale BB from the table's base year of 2012.
- Mortality Rates for Active Members RP 2000 Employer Mortality tables, with male rates multiplied by 60 percent and female rates multiplied by 50 percent.

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	38.5%	7.5%
International equity	19.0%	8.5%
Fixed income	23.5%	2.5%
Real estate**	9.0%	4.5%
Alternative assets	10.0%	6.1%
Total	100%	

^{**} The real estate total expected return is a combination of U.S. Direct Real Estate (unlevered) and U.S. Value added real estate (unlevered).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.50 percent was used to measure the total pension liability reported as of June 30, 2019 and 2018. This single discount rate was based solely on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.50 percent. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels and remain a level percentage of payrolls. The projection of cash flows also assumed that the State's contribution plus the matching contributions will remain a constant percent of projected member payroll based on the past five years of actual contributions.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

For June 30, 2019:

	Current	
1%	Discount	1%
Decrease (6.5%)	Rate (7.5%)	Increase (8.5%)
\$ 16,398,280	\$ 11,532,331	\$ 7,458,709
	Current	
1%	Discount	1%
Decrease (6.5%)	Rate (7.5%)	Increase (8.5%)
\$ 18,626,301	\$ 13,093,824	\$ 8,958,074
	Decrease (6.5%) \$ 16,398,280 1% Decrease (6.5%)	1% Discount Rate (6.5%) (7.5%) \$ 16,398,280 \$ 11,532,331 Current Discount Pecrease (6.5%) Rate (7.5%)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OTRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/TRS.

Supplemental Retirement Plan

Plan Description

The Supplemental Retirement Plan is a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan administered by the College. It guarantees eligible employees a level of retirement benefits. If Social Security and OTRS payments do not equal one-half of the employees highest three years' earnings, the College pays the balance from the current year's operating budget. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the Board of Regents. The Supplemental Retirement Plan does not issue a separate financial report, nor is it included in the financial report of another entity.

Funding Policy

The Supplemental Retirement Plan is not funded and benefits do not vest to the participants until their retirement. The College has been funding the benefits on a "pay as you go" basis. Only certain employees are eligible to participate in the Supplemental Retirement Plan and the Supplemental Retirement Plan has been discontinued. During the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the College paid approximately \$15,000 to retirees under the Plan.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Supplemental Retirement Plan

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the College reported a liability of \$41,822 and \$51,134 for its supplemental retirement plan net pension liability, respectively. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the College recognized pension expense of \$5,481 and \$9,293, respectively.

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability

The College's changes in total pension liability are as follows as of June 30:

	 2019	2018		
Beginning total pension liability	\$ 51,134	\$	56,634	
Interest	1,697		1,727	
Change of assumptions	(7,943)		(3,526)	
Difference between actual and expected experience	11,727		11,092	
Benefits payments	 (14,793)		(14,793)	
Ending total pension liability	\$ 41,822	\$	51,134	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019, was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
- Amortization Method 3-year closed amortization period
- Discount Rate 3.51 percent (Based on Bond Buyers General Obligation Municipal Bond Index)
- Mortality Rates after Retirement RP-2014 with fully generational improvements from 2006 based on assumptions from Scale MP 2018

Sensitivity of the Total Pension Liability to Change in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total pension liability of the College calculated using the discount rate each year, as well as what the Supplemental Retirement Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

For June 30, 2019:

		1% ecrease 2.51%)	Di	urrent scount Rate 3.51%)	1% Increase (4.51%)		
Employers' total pension liability	\$	42,791	\$	41,822	\$	40,902	
For June 30, 2018:							
	Current 1% Discount Decrease Rate (2.88%) (3.88%)		1% Increase (4.88%)				
Employers' total pension liability	\$	52,676	\$	51,134	\$	49,687	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 7: Other Postemployment Insurance Benefits

Currently, the College provides post-employment benefits to retirees under three post-employment benefit (OPEB) plans:

- 1. OTRS Supplemental Health Insurance Program (SHIP) a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by OTRS
- 2. NEO Retiree Benefits Plan a single employer defined health insurance benefit plan
- 3. NEO Retiree Benefits Plan a single employer defined death benefit plan

A summary of the amounts recorded in the College's financial statements for the plans is as follows:

	As of June 30, 2019									
		et OPEB Asset	Total OPEB Liability		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		OPEB Expense (Benefit)	
OTRS Supplemental Health Insurance Program NEO Health & Death Benefits Plans	\$	123,302	\$	1,342,948	\$	11,280 1,020,459	\$	86,276 1,126,940	\$	(15,564) 174,817
Total	\$	123,302	\$	1,342,948	\$	1,031,739	\$	1,213,216	\$	159,253

		et OPEB Asset						Deferred Inflows of Resources		OPEB Expense	
OTRS Supplemental Health Insurance Program NEO Health & Death Benefits Plans	\$	88,186	\$	112,121	\$	12,256	\$	73,064 1,229,231	\$	(3,454) (59,117)	
Total	\$	88,186	\$	112,121	\$	12,256	\$	1,302,295	\$	(62,571)	

Supplemental Health Insurance Program

Plan Description - The College as the employer, participates in the Supplemental Health Insurance Program—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System (OTRS). Title 74 O. S. Sec. 1316.3 defines the health insurance benefits. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State Legislature. OTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/OTRS

Benefits Provided - OTRS pays a medical insurance supplement to eligible members who elect to continue their employer provided health insurance. The supplement payment is between \$100 and \$105 per month, remitted to the Oklahoma Higher Education Employee Interlocal Group (OKHEEI), provided the member has ten years of Oklahoma service prior to retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Contributions - Employer and employee contributions are made based upon the OTRS Plan provisions contained in Title 70, as amended. However the statutes do not specify or identify any particular contribution source to pay the health insurance subsidy. Based on the contribution requirements of Title 70, employers and employees contribute a single amount based on a single contribution rate as described in *Note* 6; from this amount OTRS allocates a portion of the contributions to the supplemental health insurance program. The cost of the supplemental health insurance program averages 0.14 percent and 0.15 percent of normal cost, as determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 and 2017. Contributions allocated to the OPEB plan from the College were \$5,364 and \$12,256 for 2019 and 2018, respectively.

OPEB Liabilities(Assets), OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the College reported an asset of \$123,302 and \$88,186, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 and 2017. The College's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the College's contributions received by the OPEB plan relative to the total contributions received by the OPEB plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2018 and 2017. Based upon this information, the College's proportion was 0.190794 percent and 0.197753 percent for June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the College recognized OPEB (benefit) expense of \$(15,564) and \$(3,454), respectively.

At June 30, 2019, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	34,359
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		462		51,083
Contributions during the measurement period		5,454		834
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date		5,364		
Total	\$	11,280	\$	86,276

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

At June 30, 2018, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	23,670
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		48,371
Contributions during the measurement period		-		1,023
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date		12,256		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	12,256	\$	73,064

The \$5,364 and \$12,256 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date for June 30, 2019 and 2018, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (asset) in the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2020	\$ (21,726)
2021	(21,726)
2022	(21,726)
2023	(10,059)
2024	(4,229)
Thereafter	 (894)
Total	\$ (80,360)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Actuarial Assumptions - The total OPEB liability (asset) as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as if June 30, 2018 and 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age
- Inflation 2.50 percent
- Future Ad Hoc Cost-of-living Increases None
- Salary Increases Composed of 3.25 percent inflation, including 2.50 percent price inflation, plus a service-related component ranging from 0.00 percent to 8 percent based on years of service.
- Investment Rate of Return 7.50 percent
- Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates based on age, service and gender. Adopted by the Board in May 2015 in conjunction with the five-year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2014.
- Mortality Rates after Retirement Males: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for males with White Collar Adjustments. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale BB from table's base year of 2000. Females: GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table, scaled at 105 percent. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale BB from the table's base year of 2012.
- Mortality Rates for Active Members RP 2000 Employer Mortality tables, with male rates multiplied by 60 percent and female rates multiplied by 50 percent.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	38.5%	7.5%
International equity	19.0%	8.5%
Fixed income	23.5%	2.5%
Real estate**	9.0%	4.5%
Alternative assets	10.0%	6.1%
Total	100%	

^{*}The real estate total expected return is a combination of U.S. Direct Real Estate (unlevered) and U.S. Value added real estate (unlevered).

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Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 7.50 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability (asset) reported as of June 30, 2019 and 2018. This single discount rate was based solely on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.50 percent. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability (asset). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels and remain a level percentage of payrolls. The projection of cash flows also assumed that the State's contribution plus the matching contributions will remain a constant percent of projected member payroll based on the past five years of actual contributions.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the employer calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

For June 30, 2019:

		(Current		
	1%	D	Discount		1%
	 ecrease 6.5%)		Rate (7.5%)	lı	ncrease (8.5%)
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (43,306)	\$	(123,302)	\$	(191,656)
For June 30, 2018:					
	 1% ecrease (6.5%)		Current Discount Rate (7.5%)	ı	1% ncrease (8.5%)
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (3,691)	\$	(88,186)	\$	(160,428)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OTRS; which can be located at <u>www.ok.gov/OTRS</u>.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

NEO Health and Death Benefits Plan

Plan Description - The College's defined benefit OPEB plan, NEO's Retiree Health Insurance and Death Benefits Plan, provides OPEB to eligible retirees and their dependents. The College's Board of Regents has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The College provides medical and death benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents through the Oklahoma State University A&M System. This plan allows employees who retire from the College to continue to be covered under the College's Health Insurance Plan until age 65. The retired participant must pay the active participant's premium. The medical rates for pre-65 retirees are the same as the rates for active employees so the benefit being provided is an implicit rate subsidy. Retirees and dependents age 65 or older are provided a Medicare supplement that is not subsidized by the College.

The College pays life insurance premiums for individuals who meet the specified criteria to be considered a retiree as of the last day of continuous regular employment. Eligible retirees must (a) be at least 62 years of age and have at least ten continuous regular years of service, (b) have worked for the College for at least 25 years in a continuous regular appointment, regardless of age or (c) meet the OTRS guidelines. In addition, the individual must also have been enrolled in the College's life insurance program prior to retirement. Each retiree is eligible to receive \$10,000 of life insurance coverage at a cost to the College of \$0.29 per \$1,000 of coverage. Authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the Board of Regents. The OPEB Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Employees Covered by the Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the following number of employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	2019	2018
Active employees (participants)	159	154
Retired participants (health benefits)	-	2
Retired participants (death benefits)	165	176

Total OPEB Liability - The College's total OPEB liability of \$1,342,948 and \$112,121 was measured as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Actuarial Assumptions - The total OPEB liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
- Discount Rate 3.51 percent and 3.88 percent for 2019 and 2018 based on June 30, 2019 and 2018, published Bond Pay Go-20 bond index
- Healthcare cost trend rates Level 5.00 percent per year for 2018 and 8.00 percent decreasing 0.5 percent annually to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent for 2019
- Mortality Rates RPA-2000 Mortality Table projected to 2020 for 2018 and SOA RPH-2018 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2018 for 2019
- Pre-Retirement Termination Table T-3 of the Actuary's Pension Handbook for 2018 and the Oklahoma Teacher's Retirement System actuarial valuation study as of June 30, 2016, for 2019

Changes in Total OPEB Liability - The following table reports the components of changes in total OPEB liability:

	2019		2018	
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	\$	112,121	\$	1,412,004
Changes for the year				
Service cost		18,219		-
Interest expense		3,775		43,490
Changes of assumptions		83,062		(191,538)
Difference between expected and actual experience		1,192,511		(1,140,300)
Benefits paid		(66,740)		(11,535)
Total OPEB liability, end of year	\$	1,342,948	\$	112,121

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability (asset) of the employer calculated using the respective discount rate, as well as what the Plan's total OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

June 30, 2019:

		Current		
	1%	1% Discount		
	Decrease (2.51%)	Rate (3.51%)	Increase (4.51%)	
Employers' total OPEB liability	\$ 1,521,857	\$ 1,342,948	\$ 1,195,576	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Trend Rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability (asset) of the employer calculated using the trend rate of 4.00 percent for 2018 and 8.00 percent decreasing by 0.5 percent annually to 4.5 percent for 2019, as well as what the Plan's total OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

June 30, 2019:

	1%	1%		
	Decrease (7.00%)	Rate (8.00%)	Increase (9.00%)	
Employers' total OPEB liability	\$ 1,330,642	\$ 1,342,948	\$ 1,357,970	

OPEB Expense - For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the College recognized OPEB expense of \$174,817 and (\$59,117), respectively.

At June 30, 2019, the College also reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	954,009	\$ 964,870	
Changes of assumptions		66,450	162,070	
Total	\$	1,020,459	\$ 1,126,940	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

At June 30, 2018, the College also reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	176,781	
Changes of assumptions				1,052,450	
Total	\$		\$	1,229,231	

Amounts reported as net deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2020	\$ 152,665
2021	152,665
2022	152,665
2023	152,668
2024	(102,449)
Thereafter	 (614,695)
Total	\$ (106,481)

Note 8: Funds Held in Trust by Others

Dobson Trust

The College is an income beneficiary of the Dobson Trust (the "Trust"). The fair values of the Trust's assets at June 30, 2019 and 2018, were \$11,477,345 and \$11,315,310, respectively. The Trustees' bank has sole discretion for the distribution of income. Terms of the Trust restrict the use of the Trust's income to providing student scholarships and for supplementing the income of individuals teaching at the College. The College recognized the Trust's revenues of \$345,847 and \$311,332 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The College distributed scholarships and awards of approximately \$400,000 and \$350,000 during the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 9: Related Party Transactions

In November 2012, the College entered into a ground lease agreement with the Foundation for the purpose of constructing an indoor athletic facility to be known as the Multipurpose Athletic Center (the "facility"). In exchange for lease payments to the College, the Foundation agreed to construct the facility for the management, use, operation and benefit of the College. Upon completion of the facility, the College agreed to lease the facility from the Foundation.

The facility was completed in August 2013, at which time the College began occupancy of the facility. The term of this lease agreement is 180 months, beginning on November 1, 2012, and ending on October 31, 2027. The annual rental payment amount is \$146,134, with the first payment being made on July 15, 2013, and the final payment occurring on July 15, 2027. At the conclusion of the annual rental payments, the College will own the facility and all improvements thereof. The facility is accounted for as a capital lease and capital asset of the College in the statements of net position.

Future minimum lease payments under the College's obligation to the Foundation are as follows:

	Pr	Principal		nterest	Total			
Years ending June 30								
2020	\$	90,197	\$	55,936	\$	146,133		
2021		95,026		51,107		146,133		
2022		100,401		45,732		146,133		
2023		105,932		40,201		146,133		
2024		111,768		34,365		146,133		
2025 - 2028		512,039		72,494		584,533		
	\$	1,015,363	\$	299,835	\$	1,315,198		

Note 10: Commitments and Contingencies

The College participates in a number of federally assisted grant and contract programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. The amount for expenditures that may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although it is believed by the College that the amount, if any, would not be significant.

During the ordinary course of business, the College may be subjected to various lawsuits and civil action claims. There were no pending lawsuits or claims against the College at June 30, 2019, that management believes would result in a material loss to the College in the event of an adverse outcome.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

The College is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of; damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; employee health, life and accident benefits; and unemployment. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters other than torts, property, workers' compensation and unemployment. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

Note 11: Risk Management

The College, along with other state agencies and political subdivisions, participates in the State of Oklahoma Risk Management Program and the State Insurance Fund, public entity risk pools currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for its members. The College pays an annual premium to the pools for its torts, property and workers' compensation insurance coverages. The Oklahoma Risk Management Pool's governing agreement specifies that the pools will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial carriers for claims in excess of specified stop-loss amounts. The College is self-insured for unemployment liabilities. Payments are made to the State Employment Security Commission on a claims paid basis. No reserve for potential liability for unemployment claims has been established. Any such liability would be paid from current operations.

Note 12: Subsequent Events

The College has evaluated events and transactions that occurred subsequent to June 30, 2019, through October 30, 2019, the date these financial statements were available to be issued, for potential recognition or disclosure in these financial statements.

Note 13: Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College Development Foundation, Inc.

The following are significant disclosures of the Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College Development Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation"):

Fair Value Measurements

The Foundation follows ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements, which provides the framework for measuring fair value. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The inputs to the three levels of the fair value hierarchy under Topic 820 are described as follows:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Foundation has the ability to access.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Level 2: Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and inputs that are derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data by correlation to other means. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. All transfers between fair value hierarchy levels are recognized by the Foundation at the beginning of each reporting period.

Financial assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis consist of investments. There are no assets or liabilities carried at fair value on a nonrecurring basis at June 30, 2019 or 2018.

The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of investments in the financial statements, including a description of the methodologies used for the classifications within the fair value hierarchy for financial instruments carried at fair value, are as follows:

Investments: Investments are carried at fair value and are based on quoted market prices, when available. Generally, quoted market prices are available for cash and common stocks, and exchange traded index and mutual funds and as such are classified as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy. The fair values of certificates of deposit are determined using the income approach. The key inputs include interest rates, maturity dates and yield curves and as such are classified as Level 1 or Level 2 depending on the maturity date.

Assets measured at fair value are classified within the fair value hierarchy as follows:

			A	e 30, 20	30, 2019			
<u> </u>		Level 1	Lev	el 2	Level 3			Total
Assets								
Assets recorded at fair value on a recurring	basis							
Investments								
Cash and cash equivalents funds	\$	216,223	\$	-	\$	-	\$	216,223
Equity mutual funds		1,267,685		-		-		1,267,685
Fixed income mutual funds		1,267,660		-		-		1,267,660
Index funds		1,958,151		-		-		1,958,151
Alternative strategy funds		522,175						522,175
Total investments at fair value	\$	5,231,894	\$	_	\$	_		5,231,894
Certificates of deposit								82,089
							\$	5,313,983

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Level 1		Level 2		Le	vel 3	Total		
Assets									
Assets recorded at fair value on a recurring	basis								
Investments									
Cash and cash equivalents funds	\$	185,771	\$	-	\$	-	\$	185,771	
Equity mutual funds		2,900,997		-		-		2,900,997	
Fixed income mutual funds		799,334		-		-		799,334	
Index funds		400,534		-		-		400,534	
Blended mutual funds		551,310		-		-		551,310	
REIT mutual funds		61,316						61,316	
Total investments at fair value	\$	4,899,262	\$	-	\$	-		4,899,262	
Certificates of deposit								15,000	
							\$	4,914,262	

Net Position

Unrestricted net position consists of the following at June 30:

	2019	2018
Undesignated	\$ 1,167,747	\$ 1,243,570
Designated by the Board for scholarships	9,708	2,986
Designated by the Board for athletic support	87,774	93,504
Designated by the Board for operating reserve	33,116	-
Invested in assets held for benefit of the College	490,008	714,710
Total unrestricted net position	\$ 1,788,353	\$ 2,054,770

Expendable net position is restricted for the following purposes at June 30:

	2019			2018		
Subject to Expenditure for a Specified Purpose Scholarships General College support	\$	792,892 704,323	\$	674,624 557,588		
Total expendable net position	\$	1,497,215	\$	1,232,212		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Nonexpendable net position is restricted for the following purposes at June 30:

	2019	2018
Scholarships	\$ 3,057,425	\$ 2,855,888
Total nonexpendable net position	\$ 3,057,425	\$ 2,855,888

Endowment Disclosures

The Foundation's endowment consists of approximately 60 endowment funds established for a variety of purposes. Its endowment includes both donor-restricted endowment funds, and at times, funds designated by the Trustees to function as endowments. As required by U.S. GAAP, net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The Trustees of the Foundation have chosen to preserve the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Foundation classifies as net assets to be held permanently (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment is included in the endowment until the amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Foundation in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by OK UPMIFA.

In accordance with OK UPMIFA, the Foundation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- The duration and preservation of the fund;
- The purposes of the Foundation and the donor-restricted endowment fund;
- General economic conditions;
- The possible effect of inflation and deflation;
- The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments;
- Other resources of the Foundation; and
- The investment policies of the Foundation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets to provide for growth and a predictable level of funding to the College to enable it to maintain, improve and expand its facilities and programs. It is recognized that these objectives require a long-term investment horizon. Investment risk is measured in terms of the total portfolio and is managed to ensure that the asset allocation does not expose the portfolio to unacceptable levels of risk but at the same time achieves the best possible returns over time. The asset allocation policies reflect and are consistent with the investment objectives and risk tolerances expressed through the Foundation's investment policy. These policies, developed after examining the historical relationships of risk and return among asset classes, are designed to provide the highest probability of meeting or exceeding the return objectives at the lowest level of risk. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

Strategies for Achieving Objectives

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the Foundation relies on a strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Foundation's investment policy allocates its assets through a diversification that includes a mix of (1) no more than 40 percent in fixed income, (2) no more than 65 percent in equities and (3) no more than 10 percent in cash and cash equivalents.

Spending Policy

The Foundation's spending policy is the mechanism in which calculated amounts from endowments participating in the pooled investment fund are made available for the donor-restricted purpose, if any. The Foundation's spending policy allows for the use of a share of investment returns that will provide a full measure of current income consistent with the achievement of full long-term preservation of purchasing power of the endowment as a minimum goal. To achieve this, spending policy is expressed as a percentage, not to exceed 4 percent, of a five-year moving market value average (calculated as of the prior three fiscal year ends) of its investable assets in funds functioning as endowment. The computation will be based on total return (capital appreciation and income).

Endowment Composition

The endowment consists of \$4,412,118 and \$4,056,178 as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, of donor-restricted funds. The endowment does not have any board-restricted funds as of June 30, 2019 or 2018, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Changes in endowment net assets during June 30, 2019 and 2018, are as follows:

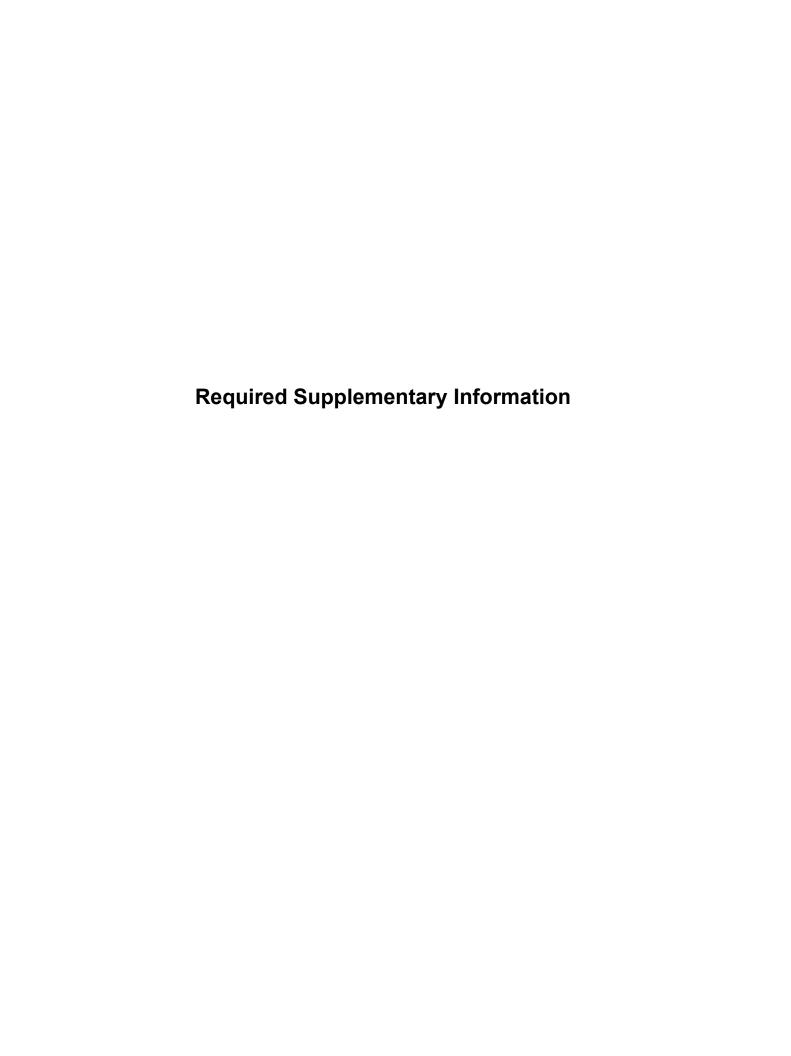
	2019	2018 (As Revised)			
Endowment net assets, beginning of year Investment return	\$ 4,056,178	\$ 3,809,067			
Interest and dividends	96,566	1,081			
Net realized and unrealized gains	108,487	177,630			
Total investment return	205,053	178,711			
Contributions	233,080	100,047			
Reclassification - donor directed	6,349	7,113			
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditure	(88,542)	(38,760)			
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$ 4,412,118	\$ 4,056,178			

Note Payable

On February 15, 2013, the Foundation signed a loan agreement with a bank with a total principal of \$1,357,500 for the construction of a building. The note calls for 15 regular annual principal and interest payments of \$146,133. The note bears interest at a rate of 5.5 percent and matures on July 15, 2027. The note is secured by the building.

Maturities of long-term debt for the years subsequent to June 30, 2019, are as follows:

2020	\$ 102,816
2021	108,368
2022	114,431
2023	120,725
2024	127,365
Thereafter	221,782
	\$ 795,487



(An Organization Unit of the Board of Regents for the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges)

Schedule of College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
College's proportion of the net pension liability	0.1908%	0.1978%	0.2171%	0.2378%	0.2424%
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 11,532,331	\$ 13,093,824	\$ 18,119,659	\$ 14,443,133	\$ 13,040,727
College's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,853,747	\$ 7,660,216	\$ 9,345,932	\$ 10,167,060	\$ 10,025,100
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll for the measurement year	147%	171%	194%	142%	130%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72.74%	69.32%	62.24%	70.31%	72.43%

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Notes to Schedule:

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

(An Organization Unit of the Board of Regents for the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges)

Schedule of College's Contributions Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2019	2018	**2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 795,239	\$ 771,894	\$ 734,820	\$ 916,388	\$ 1,001,214
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	795,239	771,894	734,820	916,388	1,001,214
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ -
College's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,009,664	\$ 7,853,747	\$ 7,660,216	\$ 9,345,932	\$ 10,167,060
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.93%	9.83%	9.59%	9.81%	9.85%

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Notes to Schedule:

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

** Contributions for 2017 where restated due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefit Changes

There were no changes to benefit terms for OTRS for the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016 or 2015.

Changes of Assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions in the valuation report for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were changed as follows:

Salary increases were composed of 3.25 percent inflation, including 2.50 percent, plus a service-related component ranging from 0.00 percent to 8.00 percent based on years of service.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation were changed as follows:

Inflation was increased to 2.50 percent

Investment Rate of Return was decreased to 7.50 percent

There were no changes to assumptions in the valuation report for the year ended June 30, 2015.

(An Organization Unit of the Board of Regents for the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges)

Schedule of College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Supplemental Health Insurance Program

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2019	2018		
College's proportion of the net OPEB asset	0.1908%		0.1978%	
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ 123,302	\$	88,186	
College's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,853,747	\$	7,660,216	
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	1.57%		1.15%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the net OPEB liability (asset)	115.41%		110.40%	

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Notes to Schedule:

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College (An Organization Unit of the Board of Regents for the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges)

Schedule of College's Contributions Supplemental Health Insurance Program Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2019		2018	2017		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 5,364	\$	12,256	\$	11,668	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	5,364		12,256		11,668	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,009,664	\$	7,853,747	\$ 7	7,660,216	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.07%		0.16%		0.15%	

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Notes to Schedule:

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

Benefit Changes

There were no changes to benefit terms for OTRS for the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 or 2017.

Changes of Assumptions

There were no changes in valuation reports for the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 or 2017.

(An Organization Unit of the Board of Regents for the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges) Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$ 18,219	\$ _
Interest	3,775	43,490
Change in assumption	83,062	(191,538)
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,192,511	(1,140,300)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	 (66,740)	 (11,535)
Net change in total OPEB liability	1,230,827	(1,299,883)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 112,121	1,412,004
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 1,342,948	\$ 112,121
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 8,009,664	\$ 7,853,747
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	16.77%	1.43%

Notes to Schedule:

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

Benefit Changes

There were no changes to benefit terms for the years ended June 30, 2019 or 2018.

Changes of Assumptions (NEO Retiree Benefits Plan)

The discount rate was 3.88 percent for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The discount rate was 3.51 percent for the year ended June 30, 2019.

In 2019, the mortality table to the SOA RPH-2018 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2018 from RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2020.

In 2019, the health care rate was changed from a flat 5 percent to an initial rate of 8.0 percent decreasing by 0.5 percent annually to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent.

The assumed rates of employee turnover have been changed from the T-3 Table to the rates used in the OTRS Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2016. The assumed rates of retirement have been changed from 100 percent at age 65 (healthcare) and 63 (life insurance) to the rates used in the OTRS actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016.



Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Number	Federal Expenditures
H.C. DEDARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Student Financial Assistance Cluster	0.4.0.62	37/4	A 605 005
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	N/A	\$ 4,627,225
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants	84.007	N/A	98,978
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033	N/A	160,070
Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268	N/A	4,836,263
Total Student Financial Aid Cluster			9,722,536
TRIO Program Cluster			
TRIO - Upward Bound	84.047	N/A	375,076
TRIO - Student Support Services	84.042	N/A	266,992
Total TRIO program cluster			642,068
Title III			
Higher Education Institutional - Aid-Kah-Ne-You-Ah Native American			
Success and Cultural Center	84.031X	N/A	444,282
Higher Education Institutional Aid -Strengthening Institutions	84.031A	N/A	815
Total Title III programs			445,097
Other Programs			
Pass-Through Office of Assistant Secretary for Vocational and Adult Education			
Oklahoma Department of Career and Technology Education			
Vocational Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - Carl D. Perkins	84.048	N/A	33,994
Pass-Through Oklahoma State Department of Education	2 0		23,771
Adult Education - Basic Grant to States	84.002	V002A150037	105,875
Total other programs			139,869
Total U.S. Department of Education			10,949,570

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Number	Federal penditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Pass-Through Administration for Children and Families, Department of			
Health and Human Services - TANF Cluster			
Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families - Allied Jobs Program	93.558	N/A	\$ 170,645
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			170,645
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Higher Education - Institution Challenge Grants Program	10.217	N/A	13,101
Pass-Through Food and Nutrition Service			
Summer Food Service Program for Children - Child Nutrition Program -			
Child Nutrition Cluster	10.559	6OK300329	91,735
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			 104,836
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 11,225,051

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2019

Notes to Schedule

- 1. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes all federal award activity of Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the College, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the College.
- 2. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
- 3. Federal Direct Student Loan balances are not included in the College's financial statements. Loans disbursed during the year are included in federal expenditures presented in the Schedule.
- 4. During the year ended June 30, 3019, the College did not provide any federal awards to subrecipients.



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Regents for the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College (the "College"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2019. The financial statements of Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Development Foundation, the discretely presented component unit, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Development Foundation.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Board of Regents for the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BKD,LLP

Springfield, Missouri October 30, 2019



Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Regents for the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College's (the "College") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the College's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019. The College's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the College's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the College's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the College's compliance.



Board of Regents for the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the College complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned cost as item 2019-001. Our opinion on the Student Financial Assistance Cluster is not modified with respect to this matter.

The College's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and/or corrective action plan. The College's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance, and accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the College is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the College's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-001 to be a material weakness.

Board of Regents for the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-002 to be a significant deficiency.

The College's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and/or corrective action plan. The College's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Springfield, Missouri October 30, 2019

BKD, LLP

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2019

Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial	Statements
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1.	The type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial stat accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the was:			
	☐ Unmodified ☐ Qualified ☐ Adverse ☐ D	isclaimer		
2.	The independent auditor's report on internal control over financia	al reporting di	sclosed:	
	Significant deficiency(ies)?	Yes	None reported ■	
	Material weakness(es)?	☐ Yes	⊠ No	
3.	Noncompliance considered material to the financial statements was disclosed by the audit?	☐Yes	⊠ No	
Fede	eral Awards			
4.	4. The independent auditor's report on internal control over compliance for major federal awards programs disclosed:			
	Significant deficiency(ies)?	⊠ Yes	☐ None reported	
	Material weakness(es)?	⊠ Yes	□No	
5.	The opinion expressed in the independent auditor's report on conwas:	npliance for m	ajor federal awards	
	☐ Unmodified ☐ Qualified ☐ Adverse ☐ D	isclaimer		
6.	The audit disclosed findings required to be reported by 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	⊠Yes	□No	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2019

7. The College's major program was:

	Cluster/Program	CFDA Number
	Federal Student Assistance Cluster	
	Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants Federal Work Study Program Federal Pell Grant Program	84.007 84.033 84.063
	Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268
8.	The threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$75	50,000.
9.	The College qualified as a low-risk auditee?	□No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2019

Findings Required to be Reported by Government Auditing Standards

Reference	
Number	Finding

No matters are reportable.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2019

Findings Required to be Reported by the Uniform Guidance

Reference	
Number	Finding
2019-001	Student Financial Assistance Cluster,
	CFDA Number 84.063 Federal Pell Grant Program,
	CFDA Number 84.268 Federal Direct Student Loans,
	U.S. Department of Education Program Year 2018-2019

Criteria or specific requirement – Special Tests and Provisions: Enrollment Reporting 34 CFR Sections 690.83(b)(2) and 658.309

Condition – Student enrollment status changes were not communicated to the National Student Loan Data System (NSLDS) accurately, in accordance with 34 CFR Sections 674.19, 690.83 (6)(2) and 685.309

Questioned Costs – None

Context – Out of the population of 1,105 students with enrollment status changes requiring reporting to NSLDS, a sample of 60 students with enrollment status changes was selected for testing. 23 student enrollment status changes were not reported to NSLDS within the required 60 days and were incorrectly reported. An additional 5 student enrollment status changes were incorrectly reported to the NSLDS and 4 student enrollment status changes were not reported to the NSLDS within the required 60 days. Our sample was not and was not intended to be statistically valid.

Effect – NSLDS was not notified of student enrollment status changes for Direct Loan and Pell Grant recipients in a timely or accurate manner.

Cause – Personnel responsible for notification overlooked these enrollment changes and did not report to NSLDS within the required timeframe, the majority of which were caused by incorrect parameters set up in the College's ERP system based on summer hours.

Indication as a repeat finding – N/A

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2019

Findings Required to be Reported by the Uniform Guidance

Reference Number	Finding	
2019-001 (Continued)	Recommendation – The College should review its procedures for reporting student enrollment status changes for students receiving Direct Loans and Pell Grants, including confirming accurate ERP parameters to ensure that the NSLDS is notified of changes in a timely manner. Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – To address the issue of reporting student enrollment status changes for finding 2019-001, adjustments have been made to the Banner tables underlying the enrollment process that will correct the issue with incorrect status reporting. The Office of Financial Aid and the Registrar's Office will work closely together to monitor each submission to the National Student Clearinghouse to ensure the correct status is reported to NSLDS. Both offices will review all error reports in a timely manner to ensure reporting is updated within the proper time frame.	
	Free Fr	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2019

Reference
Number

Finding

2019-002

Student Financial Assistance Cluster,
CFDA Number 84.007 Federal Supplemental Educational
Opportunity Grants,
CFDA Number 84.033 Federal Work Study Program,
CFDA Number 84.063 Federal Pell Grant Program,
CFDA Number 84.268 Federal Direct Student Loans,
U.S. Department of Education Program Year 2018-2019

Criteria or specific requirement – Special Tests and Provisions: Return of Title IV Funds 34 CFR Section 668.22

Condition – The initial refund calculation for fall withdrawals were calculated improperly including a five-day break in the total number of semester days.

Questioned costs - None

Context – Out of the population of 639 students that received federal student financial assistance, but withdrew or dropped out during the year, a sample of 31 students was selected for testing. Three return of Title IV calculations in the sample were incorrectly calculated based on a total semester days of 117 rather than 112 days (improperly including a five-day break in the total number of semester days). This was subsequently discovered and corrected by the College prior to the end of the semester and resulted in an overpayment to the respective programs (rather than an underpayment). Our sample was not and was not intended to be statistically valid.

Effect – Three refunds were incorrectly calculated and funds were over remitted to the Department of Education.

Cause – The calculation of total semester days improperly included the five-day Thanksgiving break, resulting in a total semester day calculation of 117 days rather than 112 days. Adequate review for clerical accuracy was not in place to detect the errors prior to submission of refunds.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2019

Reference Number	Finding
2019-002 (Continued)	Indication as a repeat finding – N/A
	Recommendation – The College should review its policies and procedures for preparing and reviewing return of funds calculations to ensure the calculations are being performed accurately and in compliance with Department of Education guidelines.
	Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – To address the issue of refund calculations for finding 2019-002, management instituted a new control effective immediately to verify dates in the appropriate Banner table prior to the semester beginning. Both the Financial Aid Director and the Registrar will verify the table within the Banner table has the correct dates prior to the semester beginning.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2019

Reference Number	Finding	Status
2018-001	Student Financial Assistance Cluster, CFDA Number 84.033 Federal Work Study Program, U.S. Department of Education Program Year 2017-2018	Not warranting further action
	Criteria or specific requirement – Special Tests and Provisions: Federal Work Study Employment Conditions and Limitations 34 CFR Section 675.20(c)	
	Condition – In a sample of 40 students, one student was noted in the Federal Work Study program working during their scheduled class time.	
	Questioned costs - None	
	Context – A sample of 40 students selected for Federal Work Study resulted in one student in the program working during their scheduled class time.	
	Effect – One student was allowed to work when the student was not permitted to do so and/or did not obtain or maintain the appropriate documentation required showing the student was properly excused from classes.	
	Cause – The College's internal controls for the Student Financial Assistance Cluster requirements regarding Federal Work Study students not working during scheduled class times were not effective.	